10/524343

INVENTOR SEARCH

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MISIECKA-KESIK A?/AU OR MISIECKA A?/AU MISJECKA KESIK A?/AU OR MISJECKA A?/AU (L3 OR L32 OR L33 OR L34 OR L35 OR L36 L12 AND L13 L14 NOT (NORLEU? OR TRICYCLO? OR Y [SMLQATN] G [FW] /SQSP FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON US2006-524343/AP MULTICHAIN/NTE L11 AND 8/SQL LIPKOWSKI A?/AU COVALENT/NTE BONNEY I?/AU L26 NOT L6 L9 AND L10 KOSSON D?/AU L7 AND L8 HYDRAZIDE CARR D?/AU STR FILE—CAPIUS ABB—ON US2006

SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1

SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON Y[SM I)

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=> d ibib abs hitseg 141 1-7

L41 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:200898 CAPLUS FULL-text

Modifications of 4,4' residues of biphalin have resulted in greater binding ii, Guigen; Haq, W.; Xiang, Li; Lou, Bih-Show; Hughes, Robert; De Leon, Irene A.; Davis, Peg; Gillespie, Terrence J.; Romanowski, Marek; Zhu, Xiaoyun; Misicka, Aleksandra; Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; Porreca, Frank, Davis, Thomas P.; Yamamura, Henry I.; O'brien, David F.; Hruby, Victor J. Modifications of the 4,4'-residues and SAR studies of Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1998), 8(5) biphalin, a highly potent opioid receptor active Department of Chemistry, University of Arizona, CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X Tucson, AZ, 85721, USA Elsevier Science Ltd. 555-560 peptide Journal English CORPORATE SOURCE: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: DOCUMENT TYPE: AUTHOR (S): PUBLISHER LANGUAGE SOURCE: AB

selectivity and biol. potency for the µ opioid receptor. A higher partition coefficient across the phospholipid bilayer membrane has been achieved by using \$-branched unusual amino acids. H

205759-12-2P 205759-16-6P RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological (synthesis of biphalin analogs and opioid receptor activities) study); PREP (Preparation) CAPLUS 205759-12-2 Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl- β -methyl-, phenylalanyl]hydrazide, (BR) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 2-[L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-(βR)- β -methyl-L-

modified (modifications unspecified) multichain NTE

1 YAGF

SEQ

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) 205759-16-6 CAPLUS Z Z

modified (modifications unspecified) multichain NTE

1 YAGF SEQ

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

56 REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

1997:601250 CAPLUS Full-text COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L41 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: 199

127:288285

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Interaction of a highly potent dimeric enkephalin analog, biphalin, with model membranes Romanowski, Marek; Zhu, Xiaoyun; Ramaswami,

Varadarajan; Misicka, Aleksandra; Lipkowski, Andrzej M.; Hruby, Victor J.; O'Brien, David F. Department of Chemistry, University of Arizona, P.O. Box 210041, Tucson, AZ, USA Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, Blomembranes (1997),

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

AUTHOR (S):

1329(2), 245-258 CODEN: BBBMBS; ISSN: 0005-2736

Elsevier B.V.

English Journal

PUBLISHER:

Biphalin, (Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH)2, is a highly potent dimeric analog of DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB Biphalin,

enkephalin. Its analgesic efficacy is due in part to its ability to permeate the blood-brain barrier. To aid in understanding the mechanism of the transmembrane movement we determined and analyzed the permeability and partition coeffs. of biphalin and a series of analogs where F, Cl, I, NO2, or NH2 were placed in the para position of the aromatic rings of Phe4,4'. model membrane. The overall good correlation between permeability and watermembrane partition coeffs. suggests that the movement of biphalins across the model membrane is controlled by diffusion and depends on the water-membrane permeability and the electron withdrawing/donating character of the substituents in the phenylalanine ring, we examined various folding patterns of Leu-enkephalin, an endogenous pentapeptide that exhibits affinities toward Liposomes composed of neutral phospholipids and cholesterol were used as the partition coefficient To explain the observed correlation between

chain accessibility, are consistent with the presence of the type of folding where the tyrosine and phenylalanine side chains are in a close contact. We The observed permeabilities permeability by stabilizing a more compact structure of biphalin that would minimize the number of hydrogen bonds with water and therefore enhances partitioning into the model membrane. the same classes of opioid receptors $(\delta$ and $\mu)$. The observed permeabilities and partition coeffs. of biphalin and analogs, as well as the tyrosine side propose that the aromatic ring interaction can promote the peptide

H

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PEP
(Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); BIOL
(Biological study); PROC (Process)
(biphalin interaction with model membranes and structure in relation to 155482-43-2 189169-89-9

permeation thereof)

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain modified (modifications unspecified) NTE

SEO

Absolute stereochemistry.

155482-41-0 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-iodo-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-iodo-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

multichain modified NTE

1 YAGF SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

155482-42-1 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-amino-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-amino-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

multichain modified NTE

1 YAGF

SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 155482-43-2 CAPLUS CN L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrogyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-nitro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-nitro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

.NTE multichain modified

1 YAGF

1 YAGF

SEO

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 189169-89-9 CAPLUS CN L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-fluoro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE multichain modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF

SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 47 REFERENCE COUNT:

126:293605 Structure-activity relationship of biphalin. The Structuresis and biological activities of new analogs with modifications in positions 3 and 4 1997:208033 CAPLUS Full-text COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN CAPLUS L41 ANSWER 3 OF 7 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Misicka, Aleksandra; Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; Horvath, Robert; Davis, Peg; Porreca, Frank; Yamamura, Henry I.; Hruby, Victor J. Dep. Chem. Pharmacol., Univ. Arizona, Tucson, AZ,

AUTHOR (S):

Life Sciences (1997), 60(15), 1263-1269 CODEN: LIFSAK; ISSN: 0024-3205 85721, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Elsevier English Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: PUBLISHER: AB

New analogs of biphalin [(Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-)2] with modifications of amino acid residues in positions 3,3' and 4,4' have been synthesized. The potency and selectivity of these analogs were evaluated by competitive radioreceptor binding assay in the rat brain using [3H]CTOP (wu ligand) and [3H][p-Cl-Phe4]DPDPE (delta ligand) as ligands, and by bioassay in the mouse vas deferens (WVD, delta receptor assay) and guinea pig ileum (GPI, mu receptor assay). The sym. substitution of phenylalanine in positions 4 and 4' with p-

fluorophenylalanine or p-nitrophenylalanine resulted in an enhancement of the affinity at both delta and mu receptors, with some increase of the selectivity for delta opioid receptors. The analog containing p-chlorophenylalanine in positions 4 and 4 is the most selective to the delta receptors in this series, with a selectivity ratio about 5. The sym. substitution of the glycine-3 residue with phenylalanine resulted in a decrease of binding 10/524343

151608-19-4P 155482-41-0P 155482-42-1P 155482-43-2P 185165-89-9P 1976-89-9P 155482-43-2P 185165-89-9P 18516-8P 185-8P 18516-8P 18 affinities and biol. potencies at both μ & γ receptors. H

(synthesis and biol. activities of biphalin analogs) study); PREP (Preparation) 151608-19-4 CAPLUS S S

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) multichain modified (modifications unspecified) NTE

1 YAGF

1 YAGF

SEO

Absolute stereochemistry;

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

10/524343

155482-41-0 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-iodo-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-iodo-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 2 Z

NTE multichain modified

1 YAGF SEQ 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

S S

155482-42-1 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-amino-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-amino-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE multichain modified

1 YAGF

SEQ

1 YAGF

=

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

155482-43-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-nitro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-nitro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

NTE multichain modified

1 YAGF

SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

10/524343

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

S S

189169-89-9 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-fluoro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE multichain modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEQ

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

189169-93-5 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-fluoro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-Dalanylglycyl-4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide, monohydrochloride (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME) S S

NTE multichain modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF

SEQ

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

HC1

PAGE 1-B

189169-92-4P H

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent) (synthesis and biol. activities of biphalin analogs)

189169-92-4 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-fluoro-, 2-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-fluoro-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain Z E

modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

AGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

141 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACESSION NUMBER. 1996:695829 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:26372

TITLE:

penetration of peptides across the blood brain barrier Hruby, V. J.; Davis, T. P.; Polt, R.; A systematic investigation of factors that enhance

AUTHOR (S):

Bartosz-Bechowski, H.; Misicka, A.; Lipkowski, A.; Sharma, S. D.; Li, G.; Bonner, G.; et al. Departments Chemistry, University Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 85721, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Proceedings of the American Peptide Symposium, 14th, Columbus, Ohio, June 18-23, 1995 (1996), Meeting Date 1995, 154-156. Editor(s): Kaumaya, Pravin T. P.; Hodges, Robert S. Mayflower Scientific: Kingswinford, Peptides: Chemistry, Structure and Biology,

CODEN: 63NTAF ğ.

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Conference English

stable, receptor selective ligands at ancillary sites and that can serve as specific sites of cleavages in the brain producy approach, (4) systematically investigate lipophilicity, amphiphilicity, and dynamics as approaches to enhancing penetration of the BBB, (5) evaluate mechanisms for keeping peptides barrier (BBB) is discussed. The approach includes the following major components: (1) develop highly selective ligands for brain receptor types and subtypes, (2) utilizing conformational constraint and other structural A systemic approach to enhance penetration of peptides across the blood brain barrier (BBB) is discussed. The approach includes the following major establish structural peptides (consensus sequences) that can be appended to modifications to stabilize peptides against proteolytic degradation, (3) in circulation, and (6) evaluate the use of putative carrier-mediated

91

mechanisms such as lipid transporters, glucose transporters, polycation transporters, etc. for passage of peptide conjugates through the BBB.

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RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) 151608-19-4

peptide structure in relation to penetration across blood brain

CAPLUS 151608-19-4 Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

multichain NTE

modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

L41 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:170363 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:277977

Blood-to-central nervous system entry and stability of Abbruscato, T. J.; Williams, S. A.; Misicka, A.; Lipkowski, A. W.; Hruby, V. J.; Davis, T. P. Coll. Med., Univ. Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 85724, USA Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics biphalin, a unique double-enkephalin analog, and its halogenated derivatives (1996), 276(3), 1049-57 CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565 CORPORATE SOURCE: AUTHOR (S): SOURCE: TITLE:

Williams & Wilkins Journal

PUBLISHER:

contains two active enkephalin pharmacophores and is more potent than morphine and etorphine in elicting analgesia after intrathecal administration. After systemic administration, only a small amount was detected in the brain, but analgesia was observed Because halogenation of enkephalin analogs has been Biphalin (Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH)2 is a unique opicid peptide analog that English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

shown to increase the brain uptake after systemic administration, the research group synthesized both p-[Cl-Phe4, 4']biphalin and p-[F-Phe4, 4']biphalin. The aim of the present study was to characterize and compare the blood-to-central nervous system (CMS) pharmacokinetics and biol, stability of biphalin and related halogenated analogs. The initial screening used an in vitro bloodanalog with the best potential for greater CNS entry. The CNS uptake and stability of biphalin and p-[Cl-phe4,4']biphalin was examined further using an in situ brain perfusion technique coupled to high-performance liquid chromatog. anal. Both biphalin and its chlorohalogenated analog, were found to significantly enter the CNS through both the blood-brain and blood-crebrospinal fluid barriers. Chlorohalogenation of biphalin was shown to both improve CNS entry, most likely through an enhancement in lipophilicity, and increase biol. stability. This study suggests that incorporation of brain barrier model and identified p-[Cl-Phe4,4']biphalin as the enkephalin chlorohalogens at the p-Phe4,4' position is a promising structural modification in the development of biphalin as a successful opioid drug for the clinic.

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) 151608-19-4 H

(blood-to-central nervous system entry and stability of biphalin, a unique double-enkephalin analog, and its halogenated derivs.) CAPLUS 151608-19-4

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

modified (modifications unspecified) multichain MTE

1 YAGF

SEO

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

141 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:450250 CAPLUS Full-text
121:50250
TITLE: Structure-activity relationships of analogs of highly

potent opioid peptide, biphalin

Misicka, Aleksandra; Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; Horvath, Robert; Davis, Peg; Porreca, Franc; Yamamura, Henry I.; Hruby, Victor J.

Dep. Chem. Pharmacol., Univ. Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 85721, USA

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

AUTHOR (S):

Regulatory Peptides (1994), (Suppl. 1), S131-S132 CODEN: REPPDY, ISSN: 0167-0115

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

For SAR study of biphalin ((Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-PheNH-)2) the authors have synthesized several analogs with modifications of amino acid residues in position 3 and 4. The introduction of halogenated phenylalanine residues in English LANGUAGE: AB For S

position 4 increases affinity to 8-receptors. Introducing basic aromatic amino acid residues in position 4 resulted in decrease in affinity to μ -

receptors, but preserve affinity to 8-receptors. 155482-41-0 155482-42-1 155482-43-2 11

RL: PROC (Process)

(opioid receptors binding of, mol. structure in relation to) 155482-41-0 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-iodo-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-

Z Z

alanylglycyl-4-iodo-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/524343

multichain modified NTE

1 YAGF SEO Absolute stereochemistry.

1 YAGF

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

155482-42-1 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-amino-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-amino-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain modified NTE

1 YAGF SEO

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

155482-43-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-nitro-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-nitro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 2 Z

multichain modified ME

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L41 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:712 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:712

Assessment of an in vitro blood-brain barrier model TITLE:

AUTHOR (S):

wing several [Met5] enkephalin opioid analogs
Weber, Steven J.; Abbruscato, Thomas J.; Brownson, E.
A.; Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; Polt, Robin;
Misicka, Aleksandra; Haaseth, Romald C.; Bartosz,
Hubert; Hruby, Victor J.; Davis, Thomas P.
OREAD Lab., Inc., Lawrence, KS, USA
Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics
(1991), 266(13), 1649-55
CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-1565 CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

English Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

blood-brain barrier (BBB). Increased lipophilicity has been previously suggested to increase BBB penetration. The intent of this study was to examine the effect that structural modifications of the [MetS]enkephalin analog DPDPE had on lipophilicity and passage across the BMEC. The BMEC consisted of a monolayer of confluent primary BMEC grown on polycarbonate (10 µm) filters. Permeability coeffs. were calculated on the basis of the brain microvessel endothelial cells (BMEC) have been suggested to model the Confluent monolayers of primary and continuous passaged cultures of bovine

22

PAGE 1-B

Lipophilicity of the peptides examined was determined by using reversed-phase HPLC and calculating the capacity factor (k). Diffusion across the BMEC (for all peptides examined) was linear from 15 to 120 min, therefore, these trime points were used to calculate permeability coeffs. Permeability coeffs. ranged from 14.34 to 92.00 cm/min (+ 10-4), with [p-CIPhe4,4'lbiphalin being the highest. Anal. of variance coupled with the Newman-Kenlat test showed greater passage of select peptide analogs across the BMEC, including [p-CIPhe4,4'lbiphalin, [p-CIPhe4] passage across the confluent monolayer, reduced DPDPE. Interestingly, upon passage across the confluent monolayer, reduced DPDPE was converted to cyclized DPDPE. Calculated HPLC k ranged from 3.82 to 12.50. The most lipophilic peptide (highest) examined was acetylated Phe0-DPDPE. Anal. of the regression line of permeability coeffs. plotted against k yielded a correlation coefficient of 0.745. The data provided in this study offer passage. Comparison of the permeability coeffs. obtained from the BMEC system with those obtained from in vivo BBB studies suggest that the BMEC system may be very useful in predicting peptide (analog) passage across the in vivo BBB. 151608-19-4 strong evidence that increasing peptide lipophilicity enhances passage across the BMEC. The greatest BMEC permeability coeffs., though not the greatest ${\bf k}$, were obtained with peptides having a chlorohalogenation at the Phe4 residue, diffusion of peptides across the BMEC in a Side-Bi-Side diffusion chamber. suggesting that factors other than lipophilicity may play a role in BMEC

(blood-brain barrier permeability to, lipophilicity in relation to) RL: BIOL (Biological study)

151608-19-4 CAPLUS

II

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro., 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-4-chloro-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

modified (modifications unspecified) multichain ŽΕ

1 YAGF SEO

Absolute stereochemistry.

MISJECKA KESIK A?/AU OR MISJECKA A?/AU MISIECKA-KESIK A?/AU OR MISIECKA A?/AU (L3 OR L32 OR L33 OR L34 OR L35 OR L36 FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON US2006-524343/AP LIPKOWSKI A?/AU CARR D?/AU BONNEY 17/AU KOSSON D?/AU SEA FILE-CAPLUS ABB=ON US200 SEA FILE-REGISTRY SSS FUL L1 SEA FILE-CAPLUS ABB=ON L6 OR KESIK A?/AU 2 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON 30 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON OR L37) AND L29 11 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON 127 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON 4 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON => d que nos 140; s 140 not 141
L1 STR STR
L13 1 SEA FILE=CAPLUS AE
L129 62 SEA FILE=CAPLUS AE
L132 199 SEA FILE=CAPLUS AE
L133 895 SEA FILE=CAPLUS AE
L134 11 SEA FILE=CAPLUS AE
L135 127 SEA FILE=CAPLUS AE
L136 4 SEA FILE=CAPLUS AE
L136 127 SEA FILE=CAPLUS AE
L136 128 FILE=CAPLUS AE
L136 128 FILE=CAPLUS AE
L136 128 FILE=CAPLUS AE 137

23 L40 NOT L41 L42

=> d ibib abs hitstr 142 1-23

Preparation of novel peptide derivatives as analgesics Lipkowski, Andrzej; Misicka-Kesik, Aleksandra; Hruby, Victor 2006:408824 CAPLUS Full-text CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 144:391395 L42 ANSWER 1 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: INVENTOR (S):

Pol. Pol., 8 pp. CODEN: POXXA7 Polish DOCUMENT TYPE: SOURCE:

PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: LANGUAGE:

19981112 DATE CASREACT 144:391395; MARPAT 144:391395 PL 1998-329663 PL 1998-329663 APPLICATION NO. 20050930 DATE KIND **B**1 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S): GI PATENT NO. PL 189753

23

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT

The title peptides containing guanidine group I [R = CH2Ph, 3-indoly]methyl] and II [Me, CH(OH)Me, CH2OH, (CH2)3NHC(:NH)NH2, (CH2)4NH2], useful as analgesics, were prepared Thus, treating Tyr-Pro-Phe-NH2 hydrochloride with S-methylthiourea and tetramethylguanidine in DMF afforded I.HCl [R = Ch2Ph] which showed analgesic activity in rat at 1 mg/kg. ΑB H

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

(preparation of novel peptide derivs. as analgesics)

L-Phenylalanine, N-(aminoiminomethyl)-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-[N-(aminoiminomethyl)-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 883229-21-8 CAPLUS Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry.

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PAGE 1-B

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83852-32-8
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of novel peptide derivs. as analgesics)

83852-32-8 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Full-text CAPLUS CAPLUS L42 ANSWER 2 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER:

Antinociception after intrathecal biphalin application in rats: a reevaluation and novel, rapid method to confirm correct catheter tip position 144:460668 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Carr, Daniel B.; Mayzner-Zawadzka, Kosson, Dariusz; Bonney, Iwona AUTHOR (S):

Medical Research Centre, Polish Academy of Sciences, Lipkowski, Andrzej W. CORPORATE SOURCE:

Pharmacological Reports (2005), 57(4), 545-549 CODEN: PRHEDU; ISSN: 1734-1140 Warsaw, PL 02-106, Pol. SOURCE:

Polish Academy of Sciences, Institute of Pharmacology Journal English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB The opioid PUBLISHER:

intrathecal or inracerebroventricular administration. We tested the analgesic activity of biphalin in a wide range of doses after intrathecal administration to rats. Doses as low as 0.005 mmol produced significant analgesia. Increasing the dose up to 2 mmol elevated and prolonged antinociception without any evident side effects, indicating that biphalin is an extremely potent opioid after intrathecal application with a wide therapeutic window. The highest dose tested (20 mmol) produced full analgesia and body rigidity lasting 2-3 h. After muscle tone returned to normal, antinociception lasted for several more hours. During these studies we observed a correlation between catheter placement revealed that in those rats in which high-dose biphalin did The opioid peptide dimmer biphalin [(Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-)2] has high potency both in vivo and in vitro. Its antinociceptive activity depends on the route of administration: the lowest potency is after s.c., and the highest after incorrectly or the flow of drug solution was obstructed. Therefore, a secondary conclusion is that assessment of transient rigidity after administration of a high dose of biphalin may be used as an easy method to confirm intrathecal placement of the catheter. Postmortem verification of not produce analgesia or muscle rigidity, the catheter was positioned responses to biphalin and catheter placement.

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83916-01-2, Biphalin RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(biphalin injected intrachecally produced dose-dependent antinociceptive effect and high dose produced full analgesia, body rigidity which correlated with catheter placement in rat) 8316-01-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 14

REFERENCE COUNT:

New compounds and their analgesic applications Lipkowski, £ndrzej W.; Carr, Daniel ; Bonney, Iwona, Kosson, Dariusz; 2004:143180 CAPLUS Full-text COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Misiecka-Kesik, Aleksandra Pol. PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 140:193082 CAPLUS ANSWER 3 OF 23 PATENT ASSIGNEE (S) ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: INVENTOR (S): SOURCE:

Patent English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

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M, AZ, BY, K, EE, ES, I, SK, TR, N, TD, TG 20030807 20030807 A 20020813 W 20030807 SE, MC, PT, HU, SK TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, 20060130 20030807 AM, DK, SI, NL, EE, ZW, DE, SE, NE, M 70 C M GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, US 2006-524343 PL 2002-355470 WO 2003-PL77 AU 2003-272160 EP 2003-754322 17 5 A 5 ₹, SK, SL, ZW SZ, MC, GO, SL, BE, LU, GN, SE, SG, S ZA, ZM, 2 MZ, SD, 6 TM, AT, 1 IE, IT, 1 CM, GA, 20040225 20050511 DK, ES, FR, FI, RO, MK, 20061026 臣 L, PT, K.
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KG, KZ, MD, RU
FI, FR, GB, FF, FR, GB, FF, GB, CF
AU 2003272160
EP 1529057
R: AT, P RU, GR, CG, A1 A2 DE, A1 RO, VN, LS, PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2006241053

Application of peptides with analgesic properties as the active ingredient in devices for the direct application of medication to the site of their expected analgesic activity, particularly in the central nervous system, is disclosed. 83316-01-2 88191-65-5 659732-80-6 659732-81-7 659732-82-8 659732-83-9 659732-84-0 659732-86-2 659732-87-3 659732-88-4 659732-89-5 659732-90-8 Ħ AB

MARPAT 140:193082

OTHER SOURCE(S):

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity), PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (application of analgesic peptides) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS **3** 3

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-threonylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-threonylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 88191-65-5 CAPLUS Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry

10/524343

PAGE 1-B

RN 659732-80-6 CAPLUS
CN L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-serylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-serylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 659712-81-7 CAPLUS
CN L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-methionylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-methionylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 659732-82-8 CAPLUS CN L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-asparaginylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-asparaginylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 659732-83-9 CAPLUS CN L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-leucylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-leucylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

. 10/524343

PAGE 1-B

659712-84-0 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-glutaminylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-glutaminylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

659712-85-1 CAPLUS L-Tryptophan, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-S S

31

tryptophyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

N N

659732-86-2 CAPLUS L-Tryptophan, L-tyrosyl-D-serylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-serylglycyl-L-tryptophyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

659732-87-3 CAPLUS L-Tryptophan, L-tyrosyl-D-threonylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-threonylglycyl-L-tryptophyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) C RN

Absolute stereochemistry.

C Z

659712-88-4 CAPLUS L-Tryptophan, L-tyrosyl-D-methionylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-methionylglycyl-L-tryptophyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

659712-89-5 CAPLUS L-Tryptophan, L-tyrosyl-D-leucylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-leucylglycyl-L-tryptophyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 2 Z

Absolute stereochemistry.

659732-90-8 CAPLUS
L-Tryptophan, L-tyrosyl-D-glutaminylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-glutaminylglycyl-L-tryptophyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L42 ANSWER 4 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:717510 CAPLUS FULL-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:235424

TITLE: Pharmaccutical compositions containing polymers and analysis and anesthetics carr, Daniel B.; Lipkowski, Andrzej

W.; Wise, Donald L.; Hasirci, Vasif New England Medical Hospitals, Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 26 pp. CODEN: USXXCO

Patent English

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION:

20020806 20010806 DATE D, US 2001-310434P APPLICATION NO. US 2002-213584 20030911 20050705 KIND A1 B2 US 2003170288 US 6913760 PATENT NO.

The invention provides a drug delivery compns. and methods for treating pain. A drug delivery composition contains a polymer and at least 2 drugs such as an analgesic and an anesthetic. PLGA rods were prepared by converting polymer to drugs with HM being the slowest. Release was almost zero order for BP and HM. foam, which was ground, sieved and mixed overnight with drug. The PLGA was catheter. Release of hydromorphone, bupivacaine and biphalin was studied. Drug release studies showed that BP was released faster than the other two The polymer-drug mix was extruded under formulated as a 85:15 copolymer. The polymer-drug mix was extruded unde pressure. Rods were introduced intrathecally into rats using a silicone PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: AB The invention pro pressure.

Biphalin release occurred in two phases. 83916-01-2, Biphalin H

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmaceutical compns. containing polymers and analgesics and anesthetics)

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) 83916-01-2 S S

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 42

REFERENCE COUNT:

COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L42 ANSWER 5 OF 23 CAPLUS

CAPLUS Full-text ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Antinociceptive effects of hydromorphone, bupivacaine and biphalin released from PLGA polymer after

intrathecal implantation in rats

AUTHOR (S):

Departments of Biological Sciences and Biotechnology, Carr, D. B.; Lipkowski, A. W., Wise Sendil, D.; Bonney, I. Maszczynska; D. L.; Hasirci, V. CORPORATE SOURCE:

Biotechnology Research Unit, Middle East Technical University, Ankara, 06531, Turk. Biomaterials (2003), 24(11), 1969-1976 CODEN: BIMADU; ISSN: 0142-9612

Elsevier Science Ltd.

English Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

PUBLISHER SOURCE:

release system for intrathecal analgesia characterized by effectiveness, rapid onset and few side effects for chronic pain control. A biodegradable copolymer poly(1-lactide-co-glycolide) (PLGA) was used to prepare a rod-shaped drug delivery system containing hydromorphone (HM), bupivacaine (BP), both HM and BP, or biphalin (BI). In vitro drug release kinetics of these Drug-loaded rods were implanted i.t. Control groups received only placebo implants. Measurement of analgesic efficacy was carried out with tail flick and paw-withdrawal tests. In vivo studies showed potent, prolonged analgesia in comparison to controls for all active treatments. Analgesic synergy was observed with HM and BP. With further refinements of drug release rate, these delivering drug to a nociceptive target rich in opioid and other relevant receptors is increasingly used clin. The therapeutic ratio for opioids or other centrally acting agents is potentially greater if they are administered intrathecally (i.t.) than outside the central nervous system (CNS). The present study was designed with the ultimate goal of formulating a controlled systems showed a zero-order release rate for HM and BP from PLGA (85:15) rods Drug-loaded rods were implanted i.t. Control groups received only placebo Intraspinal drug delivery, based on the concept of controlling pain by Ħ

81916-01-2, Biphalin RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THV (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological rods may offer a clin. relevant alternative for intrathecal analgesia. study); USES (Uses)

(antinociceptive effects of hydromorphone, bupivacaine, and biphalin released from PLGA polymer after intrathecal implantation in rats) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-Lphenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) S S

Absolute stereochemistry.

10/524343

THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 28

REFERENCE COUNT:

2002:231047 CAPLUS Full-text CAPLUS . COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ANSWER 6 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Crystal structure of biphalin sulfate: a multireceptor opioid peptide

AUTHOR (S):

SOURCE:

Filippen-Anderson, J. L.; Deschamps, J. R.; George, C.; Hruby, V. J.; Misicka, A.; Lipkowski, A. W. Laboratory for the Structure of Matter, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, DC, 20375-5000, USA Journal of Peptide Research (2002), 59(3), 123-133 CODEN: JPERFA, ISSN: 1397-002X CORPORATE SOURCE:

Journal PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Biphalin is a dimeric opioid peptide, composed of two tetrapeptides connected "tail-to-tail", that exhibits a high affinity for all three opioid receptor types (i.e. µ, & and k). This study presents the X-ray crystal structure of biphalin sulfate and compares it to other opioids that interact with the same biol. targets. Both halves of the mol. have a folded backbone conformation English LANGUAGE: AB

exhibit a fairly normal type III' β bend. Biphalin also exhibits structural similarities with two naltrexone analogs, naltrexonazine and but differ significantly from one another. Residues 1-4 in biphalin, which coil. Residues 5-8, which can be fit to the µ selective peptide D-TIPP-NH2. compare well with the & selective opioid peptide DADLE, fold into a random norbinaltorphamine, that are specific to μ and κ receptor sites.

RL: PRP (Properties) H

(crystal structure of multireceptor opioid peptide biphalin sulfate) 426828-17-1 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide, sulfate (1:1) (salt), decahydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX Z Z

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CRN 83916-01-2 CMF C46 H56 N1(

C46 H56 N10 O10

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

N ₹ 7664-93-9 H2 04 S CRN

THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 28

REFERENCE COUNT:

2001:552419 CAPLUS Full-text COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 135:313550 CAPLUS L42 ANSWER 7 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

The opioid peptide analogue biphalin induces less physical dependence than morphine Yamazaki, Mitsuaki; Suzuki, Tsutomu; Narita, Minoru; AUTHOR (S):

Intensive Care Unit, Toyama Medical and Pharmaceutical University Hospital, Toyama, 930-0194, Japan Life Sciences (2001), 69(9), 1023-1028 CODEN: IJFSAK; ISSN: 0024-3205 Lipkowski, Andrzej W. CORPORATE SOURCE:

Elsevier Science Inc. Journal PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: SOURCE:

English

after a 5-day infusion of morphine but only minor withdrawal signs after a 5-day bihalin infusion. In a cross-dependence study, biphalin did not suppress body weight loss after morphine withdrawal, but successfully suppressed weight loss after pentazocine withdrawal. These data support consideration of We compared the phys. dependence liability of biphalin, a dimeric enkephalin analog that possesses high antinociceptive activity, with that of morphine in equipotent i.v. doses. Naloxone challenge produced severe withdrawal signs LANGUAGE: AB We co

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biphalin as a new analgesic with a novel pharmacol. profile and min. dependence liability.

83916-01-2, Biphalin H

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (biphalin induces less phys. dependence than morphine)

83916-01-2 CAPLUS S S

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT σ

REFERENCE COUNT:

134:25553 Influence of opioids on lymphocyte circulation and homing 2000:637734 CAPLUS Full-text COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN CAPLUS ANSWER 8 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Maksymowicz, M.; Kosson, D.; Lipkowski, A. W.; Olszewski, W. L. AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Transplantation Proceedings (2000), 32(6), 1395-1396 CODEN: TRPPA8; ISSN: 0041-1345 Surgical Research and Transplantology Department, Polish Acad. Sci., Warsaw, Pol. Elsevier Science Inc. DOCUMENT TYPE: PUBLISHER: SOURCE:

release to the lymph. Intrathecal biphalin had a similar effect on lymphocyte migration and distribution. I.v. administration of morphine decreased lymphocyte extravasation, whereas intrathecal administration decreased lymphocyte homing to mesenteric lymph nodes. This may suggest the different The authors investigated the influence of morphine and biphalin administered i.v. and intrathecally to rats on lymphocyte distribution using an in vivo migration test. I.v. administration of biphalin increased lymphocyte extravasation, but decreased lymphocyte homing to lymph nodes and their English LANGUAGE: AB The a

effects of opioid peptides on lymphocyte recruitment and mobilization owing to their central or peripheral interaction with specific receptors. 83916-01-2, Biphalin H

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(biphaline and morphine effects on lymphocyte circulation and homing)

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (Ca INDEX NAME) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

REFERENCE COUNT:

Lachwa, Magdalena, Porreca, Frank, Yamamura, Henry I.; Hruby, Victor J. the Biological activity of fragments and analogues of potent dimeric opioid peptide, biphalin Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; Misicka, Aleksandra; Landvis, Peg; Stropova, Dagmar; Janders, Jacqueline; Department of Chemistry, University of Arizona, 1999:639903 CAPLUS Full-text COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Tucson, AZ, 85721, USA 132:516 CAPLUS L42 ANSWER 9 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: CORPORATE SOURCE: DOCUMENT NUMBER: AUTHOR (S):

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (1999), 9(18), 2763-2766 CODEN: BMCLE8, ISSN: 0960-894X Elsevier Science Ltd. PUBLISHER: SOURCE:

Journal

۵ The synthesis and biol. activity of two fragments of the very potent opioid peptide biphalin, showed that Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-NH--Phe is the minimal fragment necessary to express equal affinities and the same biol. activity profile as the parent biphalin. The replacement of N'-Phe with other L- or lipophilic amino acids showed the possibility of modification of receptor efficacy of the analogs. English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB The synth

83916-01-2DP, Biphalin, analogs RL: BAC (Biological RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process) II

(biol. activity of biphalin fragments and analogs) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-(CA INDEX NAME) phenylalanyl)hydrazide Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT σ REFERENCE COUNT:

COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1999:578884 CAPLUS Full-text 131:346698 CAPLUS ANSWER 10 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Identification of the structural elements responsible for high biological activity of dimeric opioid peptide biphalin AUTHOR (S):

Misicka, A.; Lipkowski, A. W.; Stropova, D.; Yamamura, H. I.; Davis, P.; Porreca, F.; Hruby, V. J. Departments of Chemistry, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 85721, USA the International Peptide Symposium, 1st, Kyoto, Nov. 30-Dec. 5, 1997 (1999), Meeting Date 1997, 726-727. Editor(s): Shimonishi, Yasutsugu. Kluwer: Dordrecht, Peptide Science: Present and Future, Proceedings of CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

CODEN: 68BYA5 Neth.

Conference English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB The study

The study of the metabolism of biphalin indicated that des(Tyr-D-Ala-Gly)biphalin (AA212) could be one of the major metabolite of biphalin. Therefore the authors synthesized de novo resp. peptide (AA212) and its analogs for evaluation of biol. activities and structural studies. The results suggest that the pharmacophore responsible for the biol. properties of

4

biphalin is one tetrapeptide extended with a hydrazide bridge and an aromatic amino acid residue (Phe4') on the other side of this bridge. In consequence

the pharmacophore of biphalin will combine one phenol and amino group of Tyr(1), and two Ph rings of Phe(4) and Phe(4'). To compare the topog. relations of the aromatic rings, the authors have synthesized analogs of AA232 in which Phe(4) or Phe(4') have been replaced with tryptophan. The receptor binding and biol. activities of the resulting analog with tryptophan in position 4' are similar to the parent compound AA232. The replacement of Phe(4) with Trp resulted in a ten-fold decrease in the biol. activity of both but without significant changes in receptor binding properties. 83916-01-2, Biphalin

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) H

(identification of structural elements responsible for high biol. activity of dimeric opioid peptide biphalin)

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) CAPLUS 83916-01-2 C E

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENÇES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Inhibitory effect of biphalin and AZT on murine Friend Department of Medical Microbiology and Immunology, University of South Florida College of Medicine, Tampa, FL, 35612, USA International Journal of Immunopharmacology (1998), rang, Jie-Liu, Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; leukemia virus infection in vitro COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN:688054 CAPLUS Full-text 1998:688054 CAPLUS Specter, Steven 130:60609 CAPLUS L42 ANSWER 11 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: CORPORATE SOURCE: REFERENCE COUNT: AUTHOR (S):

20(9), 457-466 CODEN: IJIMDS, ISSN: 0192-0561

Elsevier Science Ltd. PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB Biphalin i

English

authors have examined the effect of biphalin's anti-retroviral potency in vitro using a murine model. Biphalin, in non-cytotoxic concus., suppressed in a dose-dependent fashion the replication of Friend leukemia virus (FLV) in Mus presence of biphalin. These observations indicate that biphalin possesses anti-retroviral activity in vitro, suggesting that this opioid peptide should be examined further in vivo to determine if it is a candidate for combined therapy with AZT and possibly other drugs for retrovirus infections including dunni cells as determined using a focus forming assay. FLV replication was substantially reduced by biphalin at 10-4 M concentration When biphalin was combined with 1'-zaidough deoxythymidine (AZT) the two acted synergistically in inhibiting FLV replication compared to either used alone. Using a reverse tin inhibiting FLV replication compared to either used alone. Biphalin is a bivalent opioid analog containing two tyrosine residues. the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

83915-01-2, Biphalin Ħ

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (inhibitory effect of biphalin and AZT on murine FLV infection in

83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 37

REFERENCE COUNT:

COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1998:169052 CAPLUS Full-text CAPLUS ANSWER 12 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:290334 [1251-Tyrl]biphalin binding to opioid receptors of rat [1251-Tyrl]biphalin binding to opioid receptors of rat brain and NG108-15 cell membranes Slaninova, Jirina, Appleyard, Suzanne M.; Misicka,

AUTHOR (S):

Aleksandra; Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; Knapp, Richard J.; Weber, Steven J.; Davis, Thomas P.;

Department of Pharmacology, University of Arizona, Yamamura, Henry I.; Hruby, Victor J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Life Sciences (1998), 62(14), PL199-PL204 CODEN: LIFSAK, ISSN: 0024-3205 Tucson, AZ, 85721, USA

Elsevier Science Inc.

Journal

Mono iodinated analogs of biphalin [(Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-)2], both English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB Mono iodir

nonradioactive [I-Tyrl] biphalin and radioactive [1251-Tyrl] biphalin have been synthesized. The radioligand binding profiles of these compds. for two types of tissues, rat brain membranes, and NG108-15 cell membranes were identical to the parent biphalin. This is addin! evidence for the hypothesis that biphalin behaves like a monomeric ligand and that only one intact tyrosine is necessary for high biol. activity. The second tyrosine could be used for successful radioiodination which may greatly simplify biochem. and pharmacol. studies of biphalin. The results of receptor binding studies show that the binding of brain membranes was hardly evident and μ receptor binding predominated or at least was much more readily detectable in this preparation independent. [1251-Tyrl]Biphalin binds to & receptors as shown in NG108-15 cell membranes. Nevertheless, [1251]biphalin binding to δ receptors in rat both biphalin and [I-Tyrl]biphalin to the 8 and μ opioid receptors are not

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (mono iodinated biphalin analogs binding to opioid receptors of rat 83916-01-2, Biphalin H

brain and NG108-15 cell membranes)

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) S S

Absolute stereochemistry,

PAGE 1-B

 $206054 \cdot 29 \cdot 7P$ RI: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological H,

43

10/524343

study, unclassified); PREP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(mono iodinated biphalin analogs binding to opioid receptors of rat brain and NG108-15 cell membranes) 206054-29-7 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, 3-iodo-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

Z Z

PAGE 1-B

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) 206054-30-0P

Ħ

(mono iodinated biphalin analogs binding to opioid receptors of rat brain and NG108-15 cell membranes)

CAPLUS 206054-30-0

(CA INDEX L-Phenylalanine, 3-(iodo-1251)-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9Cj) NAME) Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 14 REFERENCE COUNT:

Polish Journal of Pharmacology (1994), 46(1-2), 29-35 CODEN: PJPAE3, ISSN: 1230-6002 Medical Research Centre, Polish Academy of Sciences, Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; Carr, Daniel B.; Silbert, Brendan S.; Cepeda, M. Soledad; Osgood, Patricia F.; Szyfelbein, Stanislaw K. Non-deterministic individual responses to receptor-selective opioid agonists COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1994:646062 CAPLUS Full-text Warsaw, 00-784, Pol. 121:246062 CAPLUS L42 ANSWER 13 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: CORPORATE SOURCE: DOCUMENT NUMBER: AUTHOR (S): SOURCE: TITLE:

Journal

English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

To assess within a single rat strain individual variability of analgesic responses to sub-ED50 doses of receptor-selective opioids, the authors measured: tail flick latency (TFL) responses after intrathecal (ith) injection (TPch) after i.v. μ - and κ -agonists, and TFL and TPch after i.v. agonists of μ complex dynamic systems, they are generated by stochastic receptor-transmitter interactions that in turn evoke a series of nonlinearly coupled cellular and analgesic response, but individual TFL and TPch responses were chaotic and, within each study, rank order correlations between TFL and TPch values within or between drugs were insignificant. The results suggest a hypothesis that such responses are intrinsically nondeterministic because, resembling other of δ -, μ -, and κ -agonists administered serially, TFL and tail pinch latencies or combined μ + δ selectivity. Mean values in each study confirmed an

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (analgesic responses to receptor-selective opioids) 33916-01-2, Biphalin neural events. ij

83916-01-2

S S

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

120:261489 New opioid compounds in analgesia ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: AUTHOR (S):

Hruby, V. J.; Misicka, A.; Lipkowski, A. W.; Haaseth, R.; Bartosz, H.; Qian, X.; Collins, N.;

Meyer, J. P.; Szabo, L.; et al. Dep. Chem. Pharmacol., Univ. Arizona, Tucson, AZ, Regulatory Peptides (1994), (Suppl. 1), S71-S72 CODEN: REPPDY; ISSN: 0167-0115 Journal 85721, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

SOURCE:

opioid compds. by $\delta\text{-}$ and $\mu\text{-}receptors$ and their ability to inhibit contractions of mouse was deferens and guinea pig ileum were studied and related to Using computer assisted design, conformational, and topog. stereostructural considerations, asym. and macrocyclic synthetic chemical, and multiple assays and binding methods the authors have designed conformationally and topog. constrained ligands with high potency, selectivity, and efficacy at $\delta 1$ -, $\delta 2$ -, $\mu\delta cx$ -, $\kappa 1$ -, and other opioid receptors. The binding of some of these new English LANGUAGE AB

83916-01-2, Biphalin RL: BIOL (Biological study) Ħ

structure.

(5- and µ-opioid receptor binding by and ileum and vas deferens contraction response to, structure in relation to) 81916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

LUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1994:208521 CAPLUS Full-text CAPLUS L42 ANSWER 15 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

antagonist increases antinociceptive effect of the Spinal co-administration of peptide substance P

opioid peptide biphalin Misterek, K.; Maszczynska, I.; Dorociak, A.; Gumulka, Dep. Pharmacodyn., Med. Acad., Warsaw, 00927, Pol. Life Sciences (1994), 54(14), 939-44 CODEN: LIFSAK, ISSN: 0024-3205 S. W., Carr, D. B.; Szyfelbein, S. K.; Lipkowski, A. W. CORPORATE SOURCE: AUTHOR (S):

Journal English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE

SOURCE:

Intrathecal injection of 0.25 µg of undecapeptide substance P antagonist (SPA) produced transient antinociception with a peak effect at 5 min. Increasing the SPA dose resulted in neurotoxicity. Intrathecal injection of the opioid neurotoxicity. Coadministration of SPA (at subtoxic doses) increased BIP's antinociceptive effect. Naltrexone reversed analgesia due to BIP alone as peptide biphalin (BIP) produced antinociception for over 3 h without

well as after BIP+SPA. 83916-01-2, Biphalin RL: PRP (Properties)

H

(antinociceptive effect of, substance P antagonist increase of) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS

Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) phenylalanyl)hydrazide

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

Enhanced potency of receptor-selective opioids after CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1991:670513 CAPLUS Full-text 115:270513 L42 ANSWER 16 OF 23 C ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Silbert, Brendan S.; Lipkowski, Andrzej N.;
Cepeda, M. Soledad; Szyfelbein, Stanislaw K.; Osgood,
Patricia F.; Carr, Daniel B. acute burn injury

AUTHOR (S):

Anesthesia & Analgesia (Baltimore, MD, United States) Dep. Anesth., Massachusetts Gen. Hosp., Boston, MA, (1991), 73(4), 427-33 CODEN: AACRAT; ISSN: 0003-2999 02114, USA CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Journal English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB Dose-respons

the stress-induced analgesia in the burned group. Analgesic doses failed to prevent increases in plasma β -endorphin and corticosterone after larger surface area (25%) burns. Regardless of receptor specificity, opioid analgesic and US0488H (K-agonist) analgesia was measured by tail flick latency. Each opioid showed an increase in potency (a decrease in ED50 values) in the burned (15% body surface area) compared with the nonburned groups. Moderate doses of Dose-response curves of three receptor-selective opioids were established in each drug (ED50 estimated from nonburned group data) in each case augmented normal and burned rats. Morphine (μ -agonist), biphalin (μ - and δ -agonist), potency was increased acutely after burn injuries.

RL: BIOL (Biological study) 33916-01-2, Biphalin H

(analgesia from, burn enhancement of) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z 2

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

115:22139 Analgesic activity of a novel bivalent opioid peptide compared to morphine via different routes of CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1991:422139 CAPLUS Full-text L42 ANSWER 17 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

administration Silbert, B. S.; Lipkowski, A. W.; Cepeda, M. S.; Szyfelbein, S. K.; Osgood, P. F.; Carr, D.

AUTHOR (S)

Dep. Anesthesia, Massachusetts Gen. Hosp., Boston, MA. Agents and Actions (1991), 33(3-4), 382-7 CODEN: AGACBH; ISSN: 0065-4299 02114, USA CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

English Journa DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

biphalin was more potent than morphine. Biphalin has an intrinsic activity that is apparently compromised by enzymic degradation or redistribution in the periphery, these properties may render it useful in exploring analgesic actions of locally applied opioids in the periphery without unwanted central synthesized and its analgesic activity was assessed in comparison to morphine in rats. Drugs were administered s.c., i.v., and intrathecally. Tail flick and tail pinch were used as tests for analgesia. Biphalin s.c. showed negligible analgesic activity, but given i.v. it produced significant analgesia, although less potent than morphine via this route. Intrathecal The bivalent opioid tetrapeptide biphalin (Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH)2 was effects.

H

83916-01-2, Biphalin RL: BIOL (Biological study) (analgesic effects of morphine and, administration route effects on)

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) C Z

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1990:211160 CAPLUS Full-text L42 ANSWER 18 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

112:211160

Peptides as potential antinociceptive drugs Silbert, Brendan S., Lipkowski, Andrzej; Carr, Daniel B., Szyfelbein, Stanislaw K.; Osgood, Patricia F.

Dep. Anesth., Massachusetts Gen. Hosp., Boston, MA, 02114, USA

CORPORATE SOURCE

SOURCE:

AUTHOR (S):

Progress in Clinical and Biological Research (1990), 328 (Int. Narc. Res. Conf. (INRC) '89), 485-8 CODEN: PCBRD2, ISSN: 0361-7742

Journal

English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Biphalin, morphine, and butorphanol were assessed for analgesic activity (tail flick latency) following their administration to rats by various routes. Biphalin, which should be more enzymically resistant than other opioid peptide However, biphalin was the most active compound following i.p., i.v., or intrathecal administration. The greatest analgesia was with intrathecal biphalin, and this route also gave the longest duration of action. analogs, was less active than morphine or butorphanol when given s.c. AB H

RL: BIOL (Biological study) 83916-01-2, Biphalin

(analgesia from, route of administration effect on) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

Preparation of peptides having morphine-like activity CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1990:199130 CAPLUS Full-text Lipkowski, Andrzej W. Uniwersytet Warszawski, Pol. 112:199130 L42 ANSWER 19 OF 23 PATENT ASSIGNEE (S) : ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: INVENTOR (S):

Pol., 4 pp. CODEN: POXXA7 Patent DOCUMENT TYPE:

Polish FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION: LANGUAGE:

(H-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH)2(CH2)n (I; n = 0, 1-5 integer), having morphine-like activity (no data), are prepared by coupling of X-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-OH (X = protecting group) with (H-Phe-NH)2(CH2)n at a mole ratio of 2:1. BOC-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-OH was condensed with (H-Phe-NH)3(CH2)3 at a mole ratio of 2:1 in the presence of N-hydroxybenzachiazole and dicyclohexylcarbodiimide to give 85% (BOC-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH)2(CH2)3, which was deprotected to give 77% I (n = 19810609 19810609 DATE APPLICATION NO. PL 1981-231571 PL 1981-231571 19841231 DATE KIND **B**1 PRIORITY APPLAN. INFO.: AB (H-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-PATENT NO. PL 131730

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) 83852-31-7P H

(preparation and deprotection of)

83852-31-7 CAPLUS Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N-[N-[11,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-, 2-[N-[N-[N-[N-[11,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

--CH-NH-C-CH2-NH-C-CH-NH-C-CH-CH2-

126872-95-5P 13

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, as opioid agonist)
126872-55-5 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-L-tyrosyl-D-alanyl)glycyl]-, 2-[N-[N-(N-L-tyrosyl-D-alanyl)glycyl]-, 1-phenylalanyl)hydrazide, trifluoroacetate (salt) (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

CRN 83916-01-2 CMF C46 H56 N10 O10 £

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

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76-05-1 C2 H F3 02 CRN

142 ANSWER 20 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987.629505 CAPLUS Pull-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:229505

107:229505 The effect of enkephalin dimers on body temperature in

mice

Konecka, Anna Maria; Sroczynska, Irmina; Lipkowski, Andrzej W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

AUTHOR (S):

TITLE:

Peptides (New York, NY, United States) (1987), 8(3), Inst. Genet. Anim. Breed., Pol. Acad. Sci.,
Jastrzebiec, 05-551, Pol.

CODEN: PPTDDS; ISSN: 0196-9781

English Journal

Short-lasting decreases in rectal temperature in mice were observed after i.p. DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB Short-last

administration of an enkephalin dimer, Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-HN-Phe-Gly-D- Ala-Tyr (D-ENK-O), at doses of 0.1, 0.5, 1, 2.5, 5, 10 or 20 mg/kg of body weight Another double-enkephalin Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-(GH2)3-HN-Phe-Gly-D- Ala-Tyr, failed to produce this effect. The hypothermic effect of D-ENK-O was almost completely reduced by naloxone, suggesting an involvement of opiate receptors in the D-ENK-O produced hypothermia in mice.

H

RL: BIOL (Biological study) (hypothermia induction by, opiate receptor in mediation of)

83916-01-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

1987:452161 CAPLUS Full-text CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ANSWER 21 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER:

107:52161 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Bivalent opioid peptide analogs with reduced distances between pharmacophores Lipkowski, A. W.; Konecka, A. M.;

AUTHOR (S):

Sroczynska, I.; Przewlocki, R.; Stala, L.; Tam, S. W. Dep. Med. Chem., Univ. Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, 55455, USA

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Life Sciences (1987), 40(23), 2283-8 CODEN: LIFSAK; ISSN: 0024-3205

SOURCE:

Journal

To investigate the role of distance between 2 opioid peptide pharmacophores on English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB To investi

in vitro and in vivo activities, 3 new bivalent opioid analogs ((Try-D-Rhe-NH2)(CH2)n, n = 0.2] were synthesized in which the dipeptide Tyr-D-Phe was connected with diamine moieties ("bridges"). The analog with a hydrazine bridge has high receptor affinity to μ -, κ -, and δ - receptor types, as well as potent and long acting antinociceptive activity after i.p. administration. 83916-01-2 II

RL: PRP (Properties)

(opioid receptor affinity of) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

100:17851

Double opiate peptides. A hypothesis of two different mechanisms of opiate actions

Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; Konopka, Miroslawa; Osipiak, Beata; Gumulka, Witold S.

Dep. Chem., Univ. Warsaw, Warsaw, 02-093, Pol.
Pept., Proc. Eur. Pept. Symp., 17th (1983), Meeting
Date 1982, 481-6. Editor(s): Blaha, Karel, Malon,
Petr. de Gruyter: Berlin, Fed. Rep. Ger.
Conference

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

AUTHOR (S):

DOCUMENT TYPE:

English

activity in both tests. A hypothesis which relates the structural rigidity of morphine-like compds, and the flexibility of opioid peptides to their interactions with δ and μ receptors is presented. Two different mechanisms of The relative Double opioid peptides of the general formula (Tyr-X-Phe-NH-)2, where X=a single amino acid or a dipeptidyl residue, were synthesized and tested for opioid activity in the guinea pig ileum and mouse was deferens. The relativagonist or antagonistic activities of these peptides depended on the substitution at X; all peptides containing glycine expressed high agonistic interaction between opioids and δ and μ receptors are proposed. LANGUAGE: AB Doub

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (biol. activity of, structure in relation to) 33916-01-2 88191-65-5 H

83916-01-2 CAPLUS S S

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

88191-65-5 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-threonylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-Z Z

threonylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

Double-enkephalins - synthesis, activity on guinea-pig ileum, and analgesic effect Lipkowski, Andrzej $^{\mathrm{M.}}$; Konecka, Anna Maria; Peptides (New York, NY, United States) (1982), 3(4), Sroczynska, Irmina Dep. Chem., Warsaw Univ., Warsaw, 02-093, Pol. CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1983:17028 CAPLUS Full-text CODEN: PPTDD5; ISSN: 0196-9781 98:17028 Journal English L42 ANSWER 23 OF 23 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: CORPORATE SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: GI AUTHOR (S): SOURCE: TITLE:

H H-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH H-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH

Enkephalin analogs I (n = 0, 3) were prepared by coupling Boc-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-OH (Boc = Me3CO2C) with phenylalanines II (R = H, n = 0, 3) and Boc-deblocking the resulting protected peptides by HCI/HOAc. Z-Phe-NRH2 (Z = PhCH2O2C) was treated with Z-Phe-OCH4NO2-p (III) to give II (R = Z, n = 0), which was Z-deblocked by HBr/HOAc to give II (R = H, n = 0). III was amidated with H2N(CH2)3NH2 to give II (R = Z, n = 3), which was Z-deblocked by HBr/HOAc to give II (R = M, n = 3). I (n = 0) is a potent inhibitor of elec. induced contractions of guinea pig ileum and produces a strong analgesia in mice.

AB

57

whereas I (n = 3) is less active on the ileum and fails to produce analgesia in mice.

except adverse); BSU (Biological RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, exc study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (analgesic activity of) H

33916-01-2

83916-01-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-nhenvlalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) S S

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) 83852-31-7P II

(preparation and deblocking of) 83852-31-7 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N-[N-[11,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-, 2-[N-[N-[N-[N-[11,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) S S

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

83852-32-8P Ħ

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

83852-32-8 CAPLUS S S

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

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http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

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COVALENT/NTE L9 AND L10 236 SEA FILE-REGISTRY ABB=ON 14340 SEA FILE-REGISTRY

L11 AND 8/SQL HYDRAZIDE

L12 AND L13 L14 NOT (NORLEU? OR TRICYCLO? OR 145 SEA FILE-REGISTRY ABB-ON 1823 SEA FILE-REGISTRY ABB-ON 90 SEA FILE-REGISTRY ABB-ON 57 SEA FILE-REGISTRY ABB-ON 734823 SEA FILE=REGISTRY 90 SEA FILE=REGISTRY

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10/524343

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63

144

33 L44 NOT (L41 OR L42) => 8 144 not 141,142 145 a> 8 145 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004)

23956066 PY<2004

4751658 AY<2004

L45 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004 OR PRY<2004) PRY<2004 4233957

L46

-> d ibib abs hitseq 146 1-25

2005:346828 CAPLUS Full-text 142:411853 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ANSWER 1 OF 25 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Protein-proteophore complexes Vetter, Dirk; Hersel, Ulrich; Rau, Harald; Schnepf, Robert; Wegge, Thomas

INVENTOR (S):

Complex Biosystems G.m.b.H., Germany PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 PATENT ASSIGNEE (S) :

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: SOURCE:

English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

20041001 <--20041001 <--SE, MC, PT, HU, SK SY, ZW, ZW, DK, SE, NE, 20031002 DATE ME, CER. Ę WO 2004-EP10973 EE, ES, LI, LU, 1 BG, CZ, 1 S CH, CH, ₩ 88, APPLICATION NO. EP 2004-765740 EP 2003-22097 SZ, SZ, GZ, MK, SC, UZ, SL, LU, GA, GR, IT, MG, RU, US, SD, AT, CM, Ę, , , CHANG GOOD TO CHANGE TO CH ES, FR, RO, MK, 20050427 20060726 20050421 20051208 CF, AŬ, Ë DK, AT, FI, KIND HA, GA, A2 DE, RO, A1 TR, KE, FR, DE, 5 AE, AG, CN, CO, GB, GH, LK, LR, NO, NZ, BW, GH, GE, GH, LK, LR, NO, NZ, TJ, TM, BW, GH, AZ, BY, SE, ES, SI, SK, SN, TD, R: AT, BE, WO 2005034909 WO 2005034909 Š EP 1525890 EP 1682186 PATENT NO.

unmodified form to its target. A typical macrocycle-protein inclusion complex was manufactured by coupling Fmoc-Cys(S-tBu)-OH, Fmoc-Lys(Fmoc)-OH, 2 units of Fmoc-aminoethyl- and 3-carboxypropyl-terminated polyethylene glycol (d.p. 11) (fl), and fmoc-cyst(Trt-l-OH on TGR resin, removing Fmoc, treating the resin with 2/1/1 DMF/Ac20/CSHSN, reacting the intermediate with a product prepared by reaction of Fmoc-Lys(Mtt)-OH and Fmoc-Lys(Fmoc) with mono-Fmoc-terminated I on removing the Mtt group, reacting the 2nd intermediate with Ac-Cys-Lys-Cys-NH2, removing the S-tBu groups, reacting the 3rd intermediate with Ac-Dpr(Mal)-Lys-Dpr(Mal)-NH2, reacting the 4th intermediate with II, and reacting the 5th intermediate with the product prepared by reaction of Hb and H2NCONH (CH2)2SS (CH2) ZNHCO (CH2)2R (R = maleimido) and cleaving the SS bond. 83516-01-2DP, Biphalin, amino acid-polyethylene glycol derivative hyperbranched polymer attached to a core and a biol. active protein. The protein is attached to the core by means of a substantially non-enzymically cleavable linker. The composition is useful for delivering the protein in an TGR resin, removing Fmoc, treating with 3-maleimidopropionic acid (II), and The application relates to a composition comprising a water-soluble AB H

study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (water-soluble hyperbranched/macrocyclic polymer proteophore complexes for
 delivering therapeutically active proteins) RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological

83916-01-2

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain NTE

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

L46 ANSWER 2 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER:

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20061009 SE, MC, PT,

US 2006-574213 EP 2003-22097 WO 2004-EP10973

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GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK

ES, FR, TR, BG,

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AT, BE, CH, IE, SI, FI,

R: AT, BE,

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2007020224

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delivery system
Bentley, Michael D.; Harris, J. Milton; Zhao, Xuan;
Battle, William Dudle, III
Nektar Therapeutics Al, Corporation, USA
                   Hydrolytically-degradable alkylene oxide polymers,
                                           preparation, hydrogels, and biological conjugate
                                                                                                                                              PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
Patent
                                                                                                                                                                                                              English
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                                                                                                            PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                                                                                                                                                                                         DOCUMENT TYPE:
                                                                                   INVENTOR (S):
                                                                                                                                                                                                              LANGUAGE:
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APPLICATION NO.

PATENT NO.

20030909 AU 2003-213152 20030214 <-200411.7 EP 2003-709198 20030214 <-DK. ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LL, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EB, HU, SK
20061026 US 2003-371996 20030215 <-WO 2003-US5113 W 20030215 <--AM, AZ, BY, DK, EE, ES, SK, TR, BF, TD, TG 20030214 TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, P CH, CY, CZ, DE, L NL, PT, SE, SI, S ML, MR, NE, SN, T BZ, GB, KZ, TN, ÄÄ, 40 2003-US5113 GW, ZA, SL, LU, GO, SD, AT, IT, GN, g, A S S S E 5,8,8 AT, KIND E, B, A, A A A 88, 80, CI, ďZ, R: AT, BE, CH, IE, SI, LT, 3 8 A A B B PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CO, CR, CR, LT, LS, LT, PT, UA, UG, CR, KZ, LT, FR, C FI, FR, C FI, FR, C FI, FR, C FI, CP, C FI, CP, C FI, CP, C AE, AG, CO, CR, AU 2003213152 EP 1476489 WO 2003070805 US 2006239961 RW:

A water-soluble, nonpeptidic polymer comprises 22 alkylene oxide-based oligomers linked together by hydrolytically degradable linkages such as carbonates. Typically, the oligomer portion of the polymer is an amphibhilic triblock copolymer having a central propylene oxide block or butylene oxide block positioned between 2 ethylene oxide blocks. The polymer can be hydrolytically degraded into oligomers under physiol. conditions. In aqueous media, the polymer preferably forms thermally-reversible, hydrolytically-degradable hydrogels that can be used for PEGylated drug delivery and related biomedical applications. ΑB

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (hydrolytically-degradable alkylene oxide polymers linked through 83916-01-2DP, Biphalin, conjugate with hydrolytically-degradable alkylene oxide block copolymer H

carbonate groups) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain NTE

1 YAGF

SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

REFERENCE COUNT:

L46 ANSWER 3 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN	2003:551384 CAPLUS Full-text	139:117440	Preparation of novel piperazinylbenzyl derivatives and	method of treating premature ejaculation with these	and known delta opioid receptor agonists	Chank, Kwen-jen; King, Klim; Biciunas, Kestutis P.;	Mcnutt, Robert W.; Pendergast, William; Jan, Shyi-tai	Ardent Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA	PCT Int. Appl., 138 pp.	CODEN: PIXXD2	Patent	English	ן ון		
L46 ANSWER 3 OF 25 (ACCESSION NUMBER:	DOCUMENT NUMBER:	TITLE:			INVENTOR(S):		PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):	SOURCE:		DOCUMENT TYPE:	LANGUAGE:	FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:	PATENT INFORMATION:	

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APPLICATION NO.	WO 2003-US87	03 - C		BG,	EE,	Ř,	χ 3	Ĭ,		TZ,	£,	Ę	Ä,	03-2	03-3	03-7
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PATENT NO.		WO 2003057223	2003057223	 3						RW:				2003214800	2003186872	1469850
PAT		8	MO											AU :	SD	ΕP

63

1 SE, MC, PT, 20040802 20070405 덮, EE, LI, LU, BG, CZ, GR, IT, AL, TR, DK, ES, FR, FI, RO, MK, 20040802 20070726 DE, AT, BE, CH, IE, SI, LT, PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: NO 2004003240 US 2007173515

P 20020102 <-'A1 20030102 <-W 20030102 <--NO 2004-3240 US 2007-696806 US 2002-345216P US 2003-335764 WO 2003-USB7

MARPAT 139:117440 OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

AB

defined below; e.g. 4-[(dS)-a.((2S,SR)-4-ally)-2,5- dimethyl-1.
piperazinyl)benzyll-NN-diethylbenzamide (shown as II)) in an amount effective to delay the onset of ejaculation in the subject during sexual stimulation are claimed. Blocking the delta opioid receptor by the selective antagonist naltrindole eliminated the effect of the known delta opioid receptor agonist SNC-80 on ejaculation, indicating that activation of the receptor agonist electroejaculation in male mice. Binding affinity to delta opioid receptors and EDS and % ejaculation inhibition in mice for some examples of I are tabulated. Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, apprx.40 example prepns. of I are included. Por I: Arl is a 5- or 6-member carbocyclic or heterocyclic aromatic ring with atoms C. N, O and S and may include carboxy and esters thereof, alkoxy, carboxyalkoxy, alkoxycarboxylic acid, hydroxymethyl, and esters thereof; and amino, carboxamides and sulfonamides thereof; G is C or N; R2 is H; halogen, or Cl-C4 alknyl, C2-C4 alknyl, C2-C4 alknyl, R3, R4 and R5 = H and Me, and wherein at least one of R3, R4 or R5 is not H; subject to the proviso that the total number of Me groups does not atoms;. R6 = H, Cl-6 alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, etc.; R7 = H, F; addnl. details are given in the claims; although general structures other than I are claimed, all of the examples appear to fit the I structure. thiophenyl, thiazolyl, furanyl, pyrrolyl, Ph, or pyridyl, and having on a lst C atom thereof a substituent Y (e.g. H, halo, Cl-6 acyl) and on a 2nd ring C composition comprising a delta opioid receptor agonist (known compds. such as deltorphin I as well as new piperazinylbenzyl compds. shown as I; variables exceed two, or any two of R3, R4 and R5 together may form a bridge = 1-3 C Z = H, hydroxy and treatment of sexual dysfunctions (particularly premature ejaculation) by administering to a subject a pharmaceutical thereof a substituent R1 (e.g. H, halo, C1-4 alkyl). and methods for

65

H

(preparation of novel piperazinylbenzyl derivs. and method of treating premature ejaculation with these and known delta opioid receptor RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

agonists) 83916-01-2

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(D-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain NTE

1 YAGF SEQ

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT REFERENCE COUNT:

Conjugation of low molecular weight poly(ethylene 2003:531299 CAPLUS Full-text COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L46 ANSWER 4 OF 25 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Department of Pharmacology, The University of Arizona College of Medicine, Tucson, AZ, 85724, USA glycol) to biphalin enhances antinociceptive profile Huber, Jason D.; Campos, Chris R.; Egleton, Richard D.; Witt, Ken; Guo, Lihong; Roberts, Michael J.; Bentley, Michael D.; Davis, Thomas P. CORPORATE SOURCE: AUTHOR(S):

of Pharmaceutical Sciences (2003), 92(7), 1377-1385 CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549 Journal SOURCE:

Wiley-Liss, Inc. Journal English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: PUBLISHER:

The objectives of this study were to examine the effect of poly(ethylene glycol) (PEG) conjugation on the tyrosine residues of biphalin to determine

PEG to enhance the antinociceptive profile following 1.v. administration of 685 nmol kg-1 of biphalin or PEG-biphalin [(1 kDa)2, (2 kDa)2, (5 kDa)2, (12 kDa)2, (20 kDa)2). (2 kDa)2 PEG-biphalin (1 kDa)2, (20 kDa)2). (2 kDa)2 PEG-biphalin displayed an area under the curve (AUC) apprx.2.5 times that of biphalin with enhanced analgesia up to 300 min postinjection. (2 kDa)2 PEG-biphalin was equipotent to biphalin following intracerebroventricular administration (0.4 nmol kg-1). Both biphalin and (2 kDa)2 PEG-biphalin ware effectively antagonized with naloxone (10 mg kg-1) and a partial antagonistic effect was seen following pretreatment with naltrindole a partial antagonistic effect was seen following pretreatment with naltrindole routes of administration tested. These findings indicate that PBG conjugation to biphalin retains opioid-mediated effects observed with biphalin and is a valuable tool for eliciting potent, sustained analgesia via parenteral routes of administration. lgesia meter. (2 KDa)2 PEG-biphalin was identified as the optimal size of to enhance the antinociceptive profile following i.v. administration of nmol kg-1 of biphalin or PEG-biphalin [(1 kDa)2, (2 kDa)2, (5 kDa)2, (12 kDa)2), (2 KDa)2 PEG-biphalin displayed an area under the curve the proper size PEG for optimal efficacy and investigate the antinociceptive profile of PEG-biphalin against biphalin via three routes of administration. All antinociception evaluations were made using a radiant-heat tail flick analgesia meter. (2 KDa)2 PEG-biphalin was identified as the optimal size of (20 mg kg-1). (2 KDa)2 PEG-biphalin showed significantly increased potency (A50) when administered i.v. and s.c. Addnl., (2 kDa)2 PEG-biphalin demonstrated a significantly enhanced antinociceptive profile (AUC) via all

83916-01-2DP, Biphalin, conjugates with polyethylene glycols RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation), USES (Uses)

H

(conjugation of low mol. weight poly(ethylene glycol) to biphalin enhances antinociceptive profile) L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) CAPLUS Z Z

NTE multichain

1 YAGF SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

83916-01-2, Biphalin H

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (conjugation of low mol. weight poly(ethylene glycol) to biphalin enhances antinociceptive profile)

83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) S S

multichain NTE

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 17

REFERENCE COUNT:

Pluronic P85 block copolymer enhances opioid peptide 2002:83418 CAPLUS Full-text 138:331601 COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN analgesia CAPLUS L46 ANSWER 5 OF 25 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: AUTHOR (S): TITLE:

University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, USA Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics Department of Pharmacology, College of Medicine, The Witt, Ken A.; Huber, Jason D.; Egleton, Richard D.; Davis, Thomas P. CORPORATE SOURCE:

(2002), 303(2), 760-767 CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565 American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental PUBLISHER: SOURCE:

Therapeutics DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: 89

AB

Peptide-based drug development is a rapidly growing field within pharmaceutical research. Nevertheless, peptides have found limited clin. use due to several physiol, and pathol. factors. Pluronic block copolymers

represent a growing technol, with the potential to enhance efficacy of peptide therapeutics. This investigation assesses Pluronic P85 (P85) and its potential to enhance enhance epicid peptide analogesia. Two opioid peptides, [D-Pen5] enkephalin (DPDPE) and biphalin, were examined as to the benefits of P85 coadministration, above (1.0%) and below (0.01%) the critical micelle concentration, with morphine as a nonpeptide control. P85 was examined in vitro to assess blood-brain barrier uptake in association with P-glycoprotein vitro to assess blood-brain barrier uptake in association with P-glycoprotein selfect, DPDPE and morphine being P-glycoprotein substrates. P85 coadministration with DPDPE and biphalin showed increased (p < 0.01) analgesia with 0.01% P85 only. This increase in analgesia is due to both an increase in peak effect, as well as a prolongation of effect. P85 increased cellular uptake of 1251-DPDPE and (BHMmorphine at 0.01% (p < 0.01) and 1.0% (p < 0.0% (p < 0.

cyclosporin-A coadministration without P85 (p < 0.01 and p < 0.05, resp.). This indicates that, in addition to P-gp inhibition, 0.01% P85 increased 125Iincreased cellular uptake compared with control (p < 0.01) and compared with DPDPE and (3H)morphine uptake. In our examination, we determined that P85 enhanced the analgesic profile of biphalin, DPDPE, and morphine, both above

83916-01-2, Biphalin kL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL and below the critical micelle concentration (Biological study); USES (Uses)

H

(pluronic P85 block copolymer enhances opioid peptide analgesia) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-Lphenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

ME

SEO

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 39

REFERENCE COUNT:

2002:431553 CAPLUS Full-text COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 138:49590 CAPLUS L46 ANSWER 6 OF 25 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Immunomodulation by biphalin, dimeric synthetic opioid peptide, and its analog

AUTHOR (S):

Mehrotra, S., Prajapati, R. K.; Haq, W.; Singh, V. K. Department of Immunology, Sanjay Gandhi Post Graduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Lucknow, 226 014, India Immunopharmacology and Immunotoxicology (2002 CORPORATE SOURCE:

), 24(1), 83-96 CODEN: IITOEF; ISSN: 0892-3973 Marcel Dekker, Inc. Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: PUBLISHER: SOURCE:

The opioid pentapeptides called enkephalins were originally described as the endogenous ligands for the opioid receptors. Although their precise physiol. significance still remains elusive, the enkephalins have been reported to English LANGUAGE:

its analogs in various in vitro tests. We report that biphalin and one of its analogs [Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH, NH-Phe (p-Cl)-H] stimulate human T cell proliferation, natural killer (NK) cell cytotoxicity in vitro and interleukin-Furthermore, these peptides inhibited tumor necrosis exhibit analgesic, antidepressant, antianxiety and anticonvulsant activities. In addition, enkephalins have also been shown to act as immunomodulator. The first generation of dimeric peptides as derived from enkephalins. Biphalin [first generation the periode as derived from cakephalins.] residues. We have evaluated the immunomodulatory properties of biphalin and factor (TNF-α) production in lipopolysaccharide (LPS) stimulated peripheral (IL-2) production Biphalin and its analog also released chemokine like factor in the culture supernatant that was responsible for increased chemotaxis of monocytes. Furthermore, these peptides inhibited tumo

Production in mouse Our observations suggest immunomodulatory RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) and nitric oxide (NO). property of biphalin and its analog. 83916-01-2P, Biphalin 479485-63-7P macrophage cells, RAW 264.7. H

(immunomodulation by biphalin, dimeric synthetic opioid peptide, and its analog) (Nses)

83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain N T E SEO

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

479485-63-7 CAPLUS Z Z

2- (L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl- β -methyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl- β -methyl-,

multichain modified (modifications unspecified) NTE

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 42 REFERENCE COUNT:

Compositions for enhanced delivery of bioactive Lewis, Danny; Schmidt, Paul; Hinds, Kenneth PR Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp. JUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 2002:353321 CAPLUS Full-text 136:359644 CODEN: PIXXD2 molecules English Patent CAPLUS FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: L46 ANSWER 7 OF 25 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): DOCUMENT TYPE: SOURCE: TITLE:

20011031 <--WO 2001-US45154 APPLICATION NO. 20020510 WO 2002036169 PATENT NO.

20011031 <--CH, CN, GE, GH, LK, LR, OM, PL, UA, UG, **46335**5 BA, BB, DZ, EC, JP, KE, MK, MN, SK, SL, AZ, DM, IS, MG, SI, A2 2 A3 2 AM, AT, CZ, DE, AE, AG, CO, CR, GM, HR, LS, LT, PT, RO, US, GM, KZ, MD, IE, IT, GO, GW, AU 2002020002 US 2002155158 US 6706289 EP 1353701 WO 2002036169 RW:

20011031 <--· A1 20011031 <--20011031 <--20001031 <--20040127 20011031 CN 2001-821388
JP 2002-538978
US 2004-766106
US 2000-244499P
US 2001-999820
WO 2001-US45154 20041118 20040623 AT, BE, CH, IE, SI, LT, PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 1507357 JP 2004534721 US 2004185103

therapeutic proteins, peptides and oligonucleotides have been developed. These formulations are based on solid microparticles or nanoparticles formed of the combination of biodegradable, synthetic polymers such as poly(lactic acid) (PLA), poly(glycolic acid) (PGA), and copolymers. Bioactive mols. are coupled to hydrophilic polymers such as polyethylene glycol or polypropylene glycol Formulations for controlled, prolonged release of bioactive mols. such as

ΑB

20011031 <--

lacking coupled hydrophilic polymers. The controlled release formulations can be administered by injection, by inhalation, nasally, or orally. Leu-enkephalin was covalently modified with polyethylene glycol. The peptide was converted to its PEG-modified form. PEG-leu-enkephalin was dissolved in a 1:9 DMSO:PBS mixture to a final concentration of 50 mg/mL. PLGA was dissolved in methylene chloride to a final concentration of 200 mg/mL. The primary emulsion was created by homogenizing 200 µL of the peptide solution with 3 mL of the polymer solution at 10,000 rpm for 3 min. After the solvent had evaporated and the microparticles had madened, they were collected by filtration and dried in vacuo before anal. The particles were characterized coupling of PEG 5000 to leu-enkephalin increased the drug loading attainable from 0.07 to 0.36 % for the double emulsion technique and from 0.3 to 3.95 % and formulated to provide controlled release. The bioactive mols. are more stable, less immunogenic and have improved release rate profiles with lower burst levels and increased drug loading relative to the same bioactive mols. for core loading encapsulation efficiency, and particle size. Covalent for the monophase method.

83916-01-2D, Biphalin, polymer conjugates RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (compas. for enhanced delivery of bioactive mols.) 83916-01-2 CAPLO: CAPLO:

H

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-Lphenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain NTE

1 YAGF SEQ 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

L46 ANSWER 8 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

2002:350616 CAPLUS Full-text 138:112319 PEG biphalin: a potent long-acting analgesic

23

Bentley, M.; Davis, T.; Egelton, R.; Guo, L.; Huber, J., Roberts, M.; Witt, K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Proceedings - 28th International Symposium on Controlled Release of Bioactive Materials and 4th Consumer & Diversified Products Conference, San Diego, Shearwater Corporation, Huntsville, AL, 35801, USA CA, United States, June 23-27, 2001 (2001), Volume 2, 1287-1288. Controlled Release Society: Minneapolis, Minn.

CODEN: 69CNY8

Conference

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

AB

English

Polyethylene glycol derivs. of the enkephalin dimer, biphalin, were prepared The derivs. were potent, long-acting analgesics in both mice and rats and can be delivered i.v., s.c., or i.m. Antagonist studies revealed that PEG-

biphalin is a μ/δ -agonist.

81916-01-2DP, Biphalin, PEG conjugates RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES H

(preparation of PEG-biphalin as potent long-acting analgesic) (Uses)

83916-01-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain MTE

1 YAGF

SEQ

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RL: RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (preparation of PEG-biphalin as potent long-acting analgesic) 83916-01-2, Biphalin II

RN 83916-01-2 CAPLUS CN L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE multichain

SEQ 1 YAGF

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

REPERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REPERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L46 ANSWER 9 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:918512 CAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:226920
TITLE: Interaction of enkephalin peptides with anionic model membranes
AUTHOR(S): Romanowski, Marek; Zhu, Xiaoyun; Kim, Kathy; Hruby,

Victor J.; O'Brien, David F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 85721, USA

SOURCE: Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, Biomembranes (

2002), 1558(1), 45-53 CODEN: BBBMBS; ISSN: 0005-2736

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB According to the model for passive transport across the membranes, the total flow of permeant mois. is related to the product of the water-membrane partition coefficient and the diffusion coefficient, and to the water-membrane interfacial barrier. The effect of membrane surface charge on the permeability and interaction of analysis operide ligands with model membranes was investigated. A mixture of zwitterionic phospholipids with cholesterol was used as a model membrane. The lipid membrane charge d. was controlled by

10/524343

10/524343

the addition of anionic 1-palmitoy1-2- oleoylphosphatidylserine. Two classes of highly potent analgasic peptides were studied, CID-Peni). Penislanthephalin, ob highlalin, a dimeric analog of enkephalin. The effect of increase surface charge on the permeability of the zwitterionic DPDPE is a relatively modest decrease, that appears to be due to a diminished partition coefficient on the other hand the binding of the dicationic biphalin ligands to membranes increases proportionally with increased neg. surface charge. This effect translates into a significant reduction of biphalin permeability by reducing the diffusion of the peptide across the biladyer. These expets show the importance of electrostatic effects on the peptide-membrane interactions and suggest that the neg. charge naturally present in cell membranes may hamper there are cationic transported of some peptide drugs, especially cationic ones, unless \$8916-01-2, Biphalin 402850-63-8

IT 83916-01-2, Biphalin 402950-63-4
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PKT
(Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Eroparties); PYP (Physical process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(interaction of enkephalin peptides with anionic model membranes) 83316-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE multichain

Z Z

SEQ 1 YAGF

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 402950-63-4 CAPLUS CN L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosy

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-L-alanylglycyl-β-methyl-, 2-[L-tyrosyl-L-alanylglycyl-(βR)-β-methyl-Lphenylalanyl]hydrazide, (βR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE multichain

10/524343

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 37

REFERENCE COUNT:

AGE:
A symposium report. The authors recently reported on a 4-alkoxy-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde (AHB) linker that is applicable to both Fmoc and Boc chemical by switching the acid stability through an "on-and-off" of the O-acyl group on the phenolic hydroxyl group in the linker. In the present study, the group on the phenolic hydroxyl group in the linker. In the gresent study, the Application of 4-alkoxy-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde (AHB) linker to solid phase synthesis of biphalin; dimeric peptide connected at C-termini through hydrazine Okayama, Toru; Hruby, Victor J. Department of Chemistry, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 8521, USA Peptide Science (2001), Volume Date 2000, CODEN: PSCIFQ; ISSN: 1344-7661 Japanese Peptide Society Journal COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 2001:311684 CAPLUS Full-text 37th, 35-38 135:46430 CAPLUS ANSWER 10 OF 25 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: PUBLISHER: LANGUAGE: SOURCE: AB

83916-01-2P, Biphalin RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) byproducts. H

first successful synthesis of biphalin on a solid support is described.

two different resin-bound hydrazines, both stepwise and simultaneous
elongation reactions were examined and the former afforded the desired
biphalin in high yield, while the latter gave considerable amts. of

(solid-phase synthesis of biphalin using (alkoxy)hydroxybenzaldehyde linker and solid-supported hydrazine for building the peptide chain)

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS C Z

multichain NTE

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES, AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

REFERENCE COUNT:

Polymer-stabilized neuropeptides
Bentley, Michael David; Roberts, Michael James
Shearwater Polymers, Inc., USA
PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2 LUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 2001:265280 CAPLUS Full-text 134:271292 English Patent CAPLUS LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: 52 PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): L46 ANSWER 11 OF ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: DOCUMENT TYPE: INVENTOR (S): SOURCE: TITLE

WO 2000-US41070 APPLICATION NO. 20010412 KIND WO 2001024831 WO 2001024831 WO 2001024831 PATENT NO.

20001004 <--

DATE

r, e CA, CH, CH, GH, GM, 1 BG, BR, BY, BZ, FI, GB, GD, GE, BA, BB, EE, ES, AU, AZ, 1 DM, DZ, 1 20020307 A2 20 A3 20 A9 20 AM, AT, 1 CZ, W: AE, AG, CR, CU,

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20001004 <--20001004 <--ΕŢ. ह्यं दु SE, MC, PT, LS, UZ, BE, CH, SE, BF, ER, US, EK, UG, Ę PT, PT, NZ, UA, ¥ 4 5 5 CA 2000-2385533 EP 2000-978902 SN, KZ, NO, TZ, , SZ, TZ, , IT, LU, MR, NE, MZ, TT, ΑΧ. Α, Χ, Ε, ₩. ¥. SL, IE, 20020717 ₹. ¥. 5. 0010412 SB, GR, JP, MK, SL, MZ, S, IS, MG, SK, GA, E.S. MD, III, SSG, SSG, KE, KE, CI, AT, BE, IE, SI, SE, SE, CC, CG, CG, CG, CA 2385533 EP 1221975 EP 1221975 RW.

GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, CY, AL DK, ES, FR, FI, RO, MK, £ 5 JP 2003511357 AU 782298 AT 34737 ES 2275561 US 200201340 MX 2002040176 US 2003139346 US 2003139346 US 2003139346 US 2003138899

20030325 20061215

20070616 20020930 2002013 200202 2003072 A1 A2 B1 DE, LV, T T T T T A1 A1 A1

P 19991119 A3 20001004 W 20001004 20010919 20030130 19991004 AU 2001-527830
AU 2001-16312
AT 2000-978902
US 2001-956440
US 2001-956271
MX 2002-PA1176
US 2003-354683
US 2003-354683
US 2003-647561
US 1999-165689P
US 2000-678997
US 2000-US41070
US 2001-956271 1999-157503P 1999-166589P 2000-US41070 20040226 20030733

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.

AB

is provided having a peptide that is A3 20010919 <--

the blood-brain barrier of an animal. For example, i.v. administration of dipegy/ated biphalin (imethoxypolyethylene glycol 2000)2-biphalin) gave a longer lasting analgesic effect in rate than native biphalin at the various doses rested. Rats given dipegylated biphalin by s.c. or i.m. administration showed elevated and sustained levels of analgesic activity as compared to capable of passing the blood-brain barrier covalently linked to a water-soluble nonpeptidic polymer such as polyethylene glycol. The conjugate exhibits improved solubility and in vivo stability and is capable of passing A substantially hydrophilic conjugate

83916-01-2D, Biphalin, polymer conjugates RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

native biphalin at the same concentration

H

(polymer-stabilized analgesic neuropeptides for passing blood-brain

83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

NTE multichain

SEQ

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (polymer-stabilized analgesic neuropeptides for passing blood-brain 83916-01-2, Biphalin CAPLUS 83916-01-2 片 Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) phenylalanyl)hydrazide

1 YAGF

multichain

NTE SEQ

Absolute stereochemistry

134:315943 Characterization and analysis of biphalin: an opioid L46 ANSWER 12 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

Hettiarachchi, K.; Ridge, S.; Thomas, D. W.; Olson, peptide with a palindromic sequence

USA L.; Obi, C. R.; Singh, D. SRI International, Menlo Park, CA, 94025, U Journal of Peptide Research (2001), 57(2),

151-161

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

AUTHOR (S):

CODEN: JPERFA, ISSN: 1197-002X Munksgaard International Publishers Ltd.

Journal

Among the many opioid peptides developed to date as nonaddictive analgesics, English PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

analyzing biphalin. Many techniques were used, including elemental anal., amino acid anal., amino acid sequence anal. (AASA), mass spectrometry (MS), 1H-NMR, 1H-correlated spectroscopy (COSY)-NMR, high-performance liquid chromatog. (HPLC) and capillary electrophoresis (CE). Electrospray ionization biphalin has exhibited extraordinary high potency and many other desirable characteristics. Biphalin is an octapeptide consisting of two monomers of a modified enkephalin, attached via a hydrazine bridge, and with the amino acids results allowed for unequivocal assignment of almost all protons. Peptide purity was determined using two techniques, reversed-phase HPLC and CE. The counter-ion of the peptide, trifluoroacetic acid, was determined by CE, using assembled in a palindromic sequence. Its structure is (Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-)-2. However, this unique peptide, like any other synthetic peptide, needs strict quality control because of certain drawbacks associated with peptide (ESI) mass spectrometry, which included both ESI-MS and ESI-MS/MS, was performed to confirm the full sequence because AASA results alone verified only the monomer sequence, and not the full sequence. Although the IH-NMR paper illustrates successful application of nonconventional techniques to an indirect detection method developed previously in our laboratory This results led to a preliminary assignment of many protons, the 1H COSY-NMR characterize and analyze a structurally modified peptide, biphalin, when standard techniques for peptide anal. are inadequate. synthesis. This paper discusses our approaches to characterizing and counter-ion of the peptide, AB

83916-01-2, Biphalin Ë

(characterization and anal. of biphalin) RL: PRP (Properties) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

multichain NTE

SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 35

REFERENCE COUNT:

Crain, Stanley M.; Shen, Ke-fei; Fleischner, Gerald M. Albert Einstein College of Medicine of Yeshiva Method and composition for treating irritable bowel syndrome using low doses of opioid receptor COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 2000:627979 CAPLUS Full-text University, USA antagonists 133:203014 CAPLUS L46 ANSWER 13 OF 25 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: INVENTOR (S):

PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: SOURCE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

20000302 <--20000302 <-SE, MC, PT, CU, IL, SI, 19990303 SG, SI, ZW CY, DE, BJ, CF, ZA, CH, BF, Š LU, SE, Ŗ, SD, YU, YU, SE, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, US 1999-261361 CA 2000-2365391 EP 2000-915994 CA, LS, LS, VN, VN, TG, APPLICATION NO. 4O 2000-US5473 Ä, SN ra, tz, ス i F, E ES, FR, t 2000002 20011128 BA, KR, NO, TZ, 80600003 2001002 ₹, g, χ̈ AU, EE, Ä . E 5 AE, AL, CZ, DE, IN, IS, MD, MG, SK, SL, GH, GM, CG, CI, R: AT, BE, WO 2000051592 US 6194382 CA 2365391 EP 1156792 PATENT NO.

8

82

20000302 <--

JP 2000-602060 AU 2000-37170 US 2001-754840

20021112

JP 2002538111 AU 780013 US 2001018413

20000302 <--

	0020403 <		20040323 <	.24 <	19990303 <	20000302 <
	200204		200403	20050524	A 199903	W 200003
	2002-114909		2004-807508	2005-202245	1999-261361	WO 2000-US5473
	US 5		US 2	AU 2	US 1	WO 2
20020528	20021121	20040518	20050512	20050616		
B2	A1	B2	A	A1		
US 6395705	US 2002173466	US 6737400	US 2005101622	AU 2005202245	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	

US 2001-754840 A1 20010104 <-US 2002-114899 A1 2002003 <-This invention relates to a method for treating a subject with irritable bowel syndrome ("IBS") which comprises long-term administration of an opioid antagonize excitatory opioid receptor functions, but not inhibitory opioid receptor functions, in myenteric neurons in the intestinal tract as well as in neurons of the central nervous system ("CNS"). The administration of the resulting from abnormally supersensitized excitatory opioid receptor functions. The invention also relates to a composition for treating a subject pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Patients with IBS were treated orally inhibitory effects of endogenous opioid peptides present in the intestinal receptor antagonist at an appropriately low dose which will selectively with IBS, which comprises an ED of an opioid receptor antagonist, and a tract and the CNS, thereby reducing abdominal pain and stool frequency opioid receptor antagonist at a low dose enhances the potency of the with low doses of naltrexone. AB

83916-01-2, Biphalin

H

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (method and composition for treating irritable bowel syndrome using low

doses of opioid receptor antagonists) 83916-01-2

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain NTE 1 YAGF SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT The relationship between structure and activity among JUGS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1998:720292 CAPLUS Full-text 130:61238 25 ANSWER 14 OF ACCESSION NUMBER: REFERENCE COUNT: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

opioid peptides Deschamps, Jeffrey R.; George, Clifford; Flippen-Anderson, Judith L. CORPORATE SOURCE:

AUTHOR (S):

Laboratory for the Structure of Matter, Naval Research Laboratory, Washington, DC, 20375, USA Letters in Peptide Science (1998), 5(5-6),

SOURCE:

CODEN: LPSCEM; ISSN: 337-340

0929-5666

Kluwer Academic Publishers Journal English PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Since the discovery and isolation of the endogenous opioid peptides Leu- and Met-enhephalin, structural studies have been focused on deducing the bicactive conformation of the peptide ligands. Theor., linear peptides can have many different backbone conformations, yet early x-ray studies on enhephalin and its analogs showed only two different backbone conformations: extended and structural features important to the biol. activity of opioid peptides. From x-ray studies we find that the distances between the centroids of the aromatic rings, and between the N-terminal amino nitrogen and the centroid of the enkephalin and constrained opioid peptides from two "new" classes (i.e. cyclionand "all-aromatic" peptides). In this report the relationship between solidstate x-ray structure and opioid peptide activity is examined The N-terminal amine nitrogen and the two aromatic rings have previously been identified as More recent reports include a third conformation for Leurelationship, however, between the separation of the two rings and their There is a discernible phenylalanine ring, vary over a large range. orientation that correlates with activity. single \$-bend. AB

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (relationship between structure and activity among opioid peptides) 33916-01-2, Biphalin H

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS C RN

multichain NTE

1 YAGF

SEQ

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 32

REFERENCE COUNT:

Transport of Opioid Peptides into the Central Nervous CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1998:532141 CAPLUS Full-text 129:255248 System L46 ANSWER 15 OF 25 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: AUTHOR (S):

Egleton, Richard D.; Abbruscato, Thomas J.; Thomas,

Sarah A.; Davis, Thomas P.
Department of Pharmacology College of Medicine,
University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 85724, USA
Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (1998), CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

87(11), 1413-1439 CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549 American Chemical Society

English Journal PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Peptide hormones and neurotransmitters play crucial roles in the maintenance of physiol. function at both the cellular and organ level. Although peptide neuropharmaceuticals have enormous potential in the treatment of disease AB

of our group to produce stable peptide analogs of Met-enkephalin, that lead to analgesia without side effects. In this paper we present the methodologies that have been used to elucidate the transport mechanisms of three peptides across the BBB. By using a primary endothelial cell culture model of the BBB, Thr Pen. Thr-NRI crosses the BBB via diffusion, [D-penicillamine2,5]enkephalin uses a combination of diffusion and a saturable transport mechanism, and biphalin ([Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH]2) uses diffusion and the large neutral amino acid carrier. Understanding BBB transport mechanisms for peptides will aid in states, the blood-brain barrier (BBB) generally prevents the entry of peptides into the brain either by enzyme degradation or by specific properties of the BBB. Peptides that act at opioid receptors are currently being designed for analgesia and to reduce the unwanted side effects associated with morphine, such as addiction and inhibition of gastric motility. It has been the focus in situ perfusion, and kinetic anal., we show that D-Phe-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Argacid carrier. Understanding BBB transport mechanisms the rational design of peptides targeted to the brain.

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL 33916-01-2, Biphalin

H

(Biological study); PROC (Process)

10/524343

(opioid peptide transport into central nervous system and mechanisms therefor)

83916-01-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) S S

multichain NTE

1 YAGF SEQ

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 41

REFERENCE COUNT:

Brain and spinal cord distribution of biphalin: correlation with opioid receptor density and mechanism of CNS entry COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Full-text 1997:564280 CAPLUS 127:229838 CAPLUS L46 ANSWER 16 OF 25 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: ritle:

Abbruscato, Thomas J.; Thomas, Sarah A.; Hruby, Victor J.; Davis, Thomas P. Departments of Pharmacology, College of Medicine, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 85724, USA Journal of Neurochemistry (1997), 69(3), CORPORATE SOURCE: AUTHOR (S):

CODEN: JONRA9; ISSN: 0022-3042 Lippincott-Raven 1236-1245 PUBLISHER: SOURCE:

Journal

Biphalin [(Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH)2] is a bivalent, opioid peptide containing two pharmacophores linked by a hydrazine bridge. When administered intracerebroventricularly, it has been shown to be more potent than morphine English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

85

understand the basis of biphalin's potency, regional brain and spinal cord discribution studies with [1251-Tyr1] biphalin were performed 5, 20, and 40 min after i.v. bolus injections. A statistically greater amount of [1251-Tyr1] biphalin was detected in the nucleus accumbens compared with other brain regions. This correlates with the high d. of δ- and μ-opioid receptor mRNA circumventricular organs, the choroid plexus and pituitary, when compared with 14.6 pmol/min/g, and Kd of 0.568 $\mu L/\min/g$. Brain entry of [1251-Tyrl]biphalin was sensitive to 2-aminobicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylic acid and Lwork provides evidence that biphalin is a promising, potent analgesic that has a unique mechanism for reaching both spinal and supraspinal opioid receptor statistically greater amount of [1251-Tyrl]biphalin was detected in two other D-Phe-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Arg-Thr-Pen-Thr-NH2, or naltrindole pretreatment, showing and etorphine at eliciting antinociception. Biphalin has also been shown to cross both the blood-brain and blood-cerebrospinal fluid barriers. To could be described by Michaelis-Menten kinetics with a Km of 2.6 µM, Vmax of phenylalanine, suggesting use of the large neutral amino acid carrier. This other brain regions. These studies provide evidence that biphalin can reach not only brain sites, but also spinal sites to elicit antinociception. The overall CNS distribution of [1251-Tyrl]biphalin was decreased with naloxone, opioid receptors. Addnl. in situ brain perfusion expts. identified a saturable component contributing to CNS entry of [1251-Tyrl]biphalin, which that biphalin detected in the brain and spinal cord is binding to δ - and μ binding sites shown to be expressed in the nucleus accumbens. Also, a

83915-01-2, Biphalin H

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (brain and spinal cord distribution of biphalin and correlation with opioid receptor d. and mechanism of CNS entry)

83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain NTE

1 YAGF

SEO

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 42

REFERENCE COUNT:

Structure-activity relationships and synthetic study for biphalin-1,1'-stereochemical and truncation LUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1996:696061 CAPLUS Full-text 126:26946 CAPLUS L46 ANSWER 17 OF 25 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

modifications

AUTHOR (S):

Li, G.; Haq, W.; Xiang, L.; De Leon, A.; Davis, P.; Hughes, R.; Lou, B.; Gillespie, T. J.; Porreca, F.; et Department Chemistry, University Arizona, Tucson, AZ, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Proceedings of the American Peptide Symposium, 14th, Columbus, Ohio, June 18-23, 1995 (1996), Peptides: Chemistry, Structure and Biology, 85721, USA

SOURCE:

Pravin T. P.; Hodges, Robert S. Mayflower Scientific: Kingswinford, UK. Editor(s): Kaumaya, Meeting Date 1995, 699-700.

Conference English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

CODEN: 63NTAF

The opioid receptor binding affinities and selectivities of a series of biphalin analogs were determined and correlated with structure. AB

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study) (structure-activity relationships and synthetic study for 83916-01-2, Biphalin 184581-21-3 184758-92-7

biphalin-1,1'-stereochem. and truncation modifications) 83916-01-2 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) multichain NTE

Z Z

SEQ

Absolute stereochemistry.

87

PAGE 1-B

184581-21-3 CAPLUS Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, $(\beta S) - \beta$, 2-dimethyl-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-[(β S)- β ,2-dimethyl-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

multichain modified

NŢE

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 184758-92-7 CAPLUS

L-Phenylalanine, (βR) - β ,2-dimethyl-D-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-,2-[(βR)- β ,2-dimethyl-D-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z

modified (modifications unspecified) multichain NTE

1 YAGF

1 YAGF

SEQ

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1995:961742 CAPLUS Full-text L46 ANSWER 18 OF 25 C ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

124:1154
Biphalin, an enkephalin analog with unexpectedly high antinociceptive potency and low dependence liability antinociceptive potency and low dependence liability

in vivo, selectively antagonizes excitatory opioid receptor functions of sensory neurons in culture Shen, Ke-Fei, Crain, Stanley M. Department of Neuroscience, Albert Einstein College of Medicine, Yeshiva University, 1300 Morris Park Avenue, Bronx, NY, 10461, USA Brain Research (1995), 701(1,2), 158-66 CODEN: BRREAP, ISSN: 0006-8999

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Elsevier Journal English DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: AB The mechar PUBLISHER:

The mechanism of action of the dimeric enkephalin peptide, biphalin (Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH2)2, which was previously shown to have remarkable high antinociceptive potency and low dependence liability in vivo, has now been studied by electrophysiol. analyses of its effects on the action potential duration (APD) of nociceptive types of sensory dorsal root ganglion (BRG) neurons in culture. Acute application of biphalin (pM-µM) elicited only dose-

effects of naloxone nor in tolerance to opioid inhibition effects, in contrast to the excitatory opioid supersensitivity and tolerance that develop in chronic morphine- or DADLE-treated, but not chronic etorphine-treated, neurons. These studies on DRG neurons in vitro may help to account for the when tested at low (pM-nM) concns. Chronic treatment of DRG neurons with high opicid inhibitory-agonist/excitatory-antagonist property of biphalin is remarkably similar to that previously observed in studies of the ultra-potent prolonging) effects of low (fM-nM) concns. of bimodally-acting μ and δ opioid (µM) concns. of biphalin did not result in supersensitivity to the excitatory This dual evoked little or no alteration of excitatory agonist action of most μ , δ and κ opioid alkaloids and peptides dependent, naloxone-reversible inhibitory (APD-shortening) effects on DRG neurons. Furthermore, at pM concns. that evoked little or no alteration the APD of DRG neurons biphalin selectively antagonized excitatory (APDunexpectedly high antinociceptive potency and low dependence liability of opioid analgesic, etorphine on DRG neurons and in sharp contrast to the agonists and unmasked potent inhibitory effects of these opioids. biphalin as well as etorphine in vivo.

Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics

(1993), 265(3), 1446-54 CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565

Journal

Dep. Pharmacol., Univ. Arizona, Tucson, AZ, USA

Jirina; et al.

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Horan, Peter J.; Mattia, Antonia; Bilsky, Edward J.; Weber, Steven; Davis, Thomas P.; Yamamura, Henry I.;

Antinociceptive profile of biphalin, a dimeric

enkephalin analog

1993:509418 CAPLUS Full-text

119:109418

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

AUTHOR (S): TITLE:

Malatynska, Ewa; Appleyard, Suzanne M.; Slaninova,

study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(antagonizes excitatory opioid receptor functions of sensory neurons in RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological Biphalin 83916-01-2,

CAPLUS 83916-01-2

H

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-Lphenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z 2

multichain NTE

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

L46 ANSWER 19 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

gastrointeetinal propulsion ASO. I.p. biphalin, but not i.p. morphine, showed little, if any, phys. dependence, but both biphalin and morphine produced phys. dependence when equiantinociceptive doses were infused i.c.v. These (ultrapotent opioid agonist). Intracerebroventricular biphalin was 6.7- and 257-fold more potent than etorphine or morphine in eliciting antinociception. When administered i.t., biphalin produced only a 604 maximal antinociceptive effect in the tail-flick test even when given at doses up to 3 orders of magnitude higher than those effective i.c.v.; morphine was equipotent in this assay when given i.c.v. or i.t. Both morphine and biphalin were equipotent after i.p. administration. In spite of its antinociceptive effectiveness gastrointestinal propulsion at doses 8-fold higher than those producing i.c.v. The dimeric enkephalin biphalin (Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH)2 was evaluated in mice after i.p. administration, only a small fraction of [1251]biphalin penetrated Biphalin may thus represent the first in a series of such compds. Intracerebroventricular biphalin inhibited funaltrexamine (μ antagonist), naloxonazine (μ l antagonist), ICI 174,864 (δ potentially novel mechanism which may involve, in part, the putative opioid using antinociceptive, gastrointestinal and phys. dependence paradigms and RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) antagonist), whereas etorphine antinociception was antagonized only by etato the brain (0.051%, at 20 min). After i.c.v. administration, biphalin antagonist) and [D-Ala2, Cys4] deltorphin (82 antagonist), but not by [Dantinociception; i.c.v. morphine showed a similar antinociceptive and results demonstrate an unusual profile for biphalin which suggests a receptor complex of phys. or functionally interacting μ and $\delta 2$ opioid Ala2, Leu5, Cys6] enkephalin (81 antagonist) or nor-binaltorphimine (k compared with that of morphine (reference µ agonist) and etorphine antinociception was antagonized by receptor selective doses of β -(analgesic action of, receptors involvement in) receptors. Biphalin may thus represent to which may lead to therapeutic advantages. funaltrexamine and naloxonazine. English 33916-01-2, Biphalin 83916-01-2 DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Z Z H

multichain NTE SEO

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

117:251786 Preparation of double-enkephalin (biphalin) L46 ANSWER 20 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1992:651786 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

derivatives as analgesic and antitussive agents Suzuki, Tsutcmu, Miyao, Kohei; Chin, Shen; Inabayashi, Masayuki; Hitamori, Tameo; Nishimura, Motoo Roman Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

INVENTOR(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Japanese Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

[(R1)nTyr-D-Ala-Gly-(R2)mPhe-NH]2 (I; R1 = lower alkyl; R2 = lower alkyl, cyclopropylalkyl, allyl; n, m = 0,1) are prepared Thus, condensation of Z-MePhe-NNHH2 (Z = PhGH202C) (preparation given) with Z-MePhe-ONP (NP = p-nitrophenyl) (preparation given) in the presence of 1-hydroxybenzotriazole in CHCl3 gave 31.5% (Z-MePhe-NH)2. Anich was deprotected with SN HBr in AcOH to give 92.5% (HBr.H-MePhe-NH)2. Condensation of this with BOC-MeTyr-D-Ala-Gly-OH in the presence of Et3N, DCC, and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole in DMF gave 37.7% (BOC-METyr-D-Ala-Gly-MePhe-NH)2 which was deprotected with 1N HCl in AcOH to give 56.2% (HCl.H-MeTyr-D-Ala-Gly-MePhe-NH)2 (II). II and I.HCl (Rl = Me, R2 Et) showed ED50 of 0.15 and 1.85 µg/kg in inhibiting leg licking or jumping response of rats placed on a hot plate vs. 2.00 and 3.26 µg/kg for morphine 19901008 <--JP 1990-269767 JP 1990-269767 APPLICATION NO. MARPAT 117:251786 19920522 DATE KIND K PRIORITY APPLAN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S): -----------JP 04149195 PATENT NO. AB

144557-92-6P 144557-93-7P 144557-94-8P 144557-95-9P 144557-96-0P 144596-67-8P and biphalin, resp. H

144596-68-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as analgesic and antitussive agent)

Z Z

10/524343

multichain modified (modifications unspecified) ME

1 YAGF

SEO

1 YAGF

CH2-CH-C-NH-CH-C-NH-CH2-C-N-CH-

- ch-N-C-CH2-NH-C-CH-NH-C-CH-CH2 CH2-Ph

PAGE 1-B

144557-93-7 CAPLUS
Phenylanine, N-ethyl-N-[N-[N-(N-methyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyl]glycyl]-,
2-[N-ethyl-N-[N-[N-Ethyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyl]glycyl]-Lphenylalanyl]hydrazide, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) C Z

modified (modifications unspecified) 1 YAGF SEO

NTE multichain

1 YAGP

PAGE 1-A

HC

PAGE 1-A

10/524343

-- ch-n-c-ch2-nh-c-ch-nh-c-ch-ch2-CH2-Ph

PAGE 1-B

144557-94-8 CAPLUS
L'Phenylalanine, N-(N-(N-(N-methyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyljglycyl)-N-propyl-,
2-(N-(N-methyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyl)glycyl)-N-propyl-Lphenylalanyl)hydrazide, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) S S

NTE multichain modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEO

MeNH Q Me Q Ph-CH2

CH2-CH-C-NH-CH2-C-NH-CH2-C- P-CH2

HO

HC1

PAGE 1-B

144557-95-9 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N-[N-[N-[N-(N-methyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyl]glycyl]., 2-[N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N-[N-(N-methyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyl]glycyl]-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

NTE multichain modified (modified)

1 YAGF SEO

1 YAGF

CH2 CH - NHMe

.PAGE 2-A HCI

PAGE 2-B

144557-96-0 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N-(N-methyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyl]glycyl]-N-2- propenyl-, 2-[N-(N-(N-methyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyl]glycyl]-N-2-propenyl-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide, dihydrochloride (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

NTE multichain modified (modified) 1 YAGF SEQ

1 YAGF

96

144596-67-8 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, N- (N- [N- [N- (N-methyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyl]glycyl]-, 2- [N- [N- (N- (N- methyl-L-tyrosyl)-D-alanyl]glycyl]-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide, dihydrochloride (GCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE multichain modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEQ 1 YAGF

Ä

Z Z

144596-68-9 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, N-methyl-N-[N-(N-L-tyrosyl-D-alanyl)glycyl]-, 2-[N-methyl-N-[N-(N-L-tyrosyl-D-alanyl)glycyl]-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide,

dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE multichain modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

HC

PAGE 1-B

144558-01-0P 144558-07-6P 144558-13-4P 144558-20-3P 144558-27-0P 144558-28-1P 144558-29-2P Ħ

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as intermediate for analgesic and antitussive biphalin derivative)

S S

144558-01-0 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methyl-Ltyrosyll-b-alanyl]gylcyl]-N-methyl-. 2-[N-[N-[N-[N-[1,1dimethylethoxy]carbonyl]-N-methyl-L-tyrosyll-D-alanyl]glycyl]-N-methyl-Lphenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

multichain
modified (modifications unspecified) NTE

1 YAGF

SEO

1 YAGF

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-A
$$C = \frac{0}{1 - B} \frac{Me}{Me} = \frac{0}{Me} = \frac{0}{1 - B} \frac{Me}{Me} = \frac{0}{Me} = \frac{0}{M$$

₩—

9

10/524343

PAGE 1-B

, S S

144558-07-6 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N. [N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]-N-methyl-Ltyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-N-ethyl-, 2-[N-[N-[N-[N-[1,1dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]-N-methyl-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-N-ethyl-Lphenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE

multichain modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

144558-13-4 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methyl-Ltyrosyl]-D-alanyllglycyl]-N-propyl-, 2-[N-[N-[N-[N-[(1,1dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methyl-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyllglycyl]-N-propyl-Lphenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

ÄΈ

multichain modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

S S

144558-20-3 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N-[N-[N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methyl-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-,
dimethylethoxylcarbonyl]-N-[N-[N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N2-[N-(cyclopropylmethyl)-N-[N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-Nmethyl-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

multichain modified (modifications unspecified) NTE

1 YAGF

SEO

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

0=

PAGE 2-B

2 Z

144558-27-0 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N.-(N.-(N.-(N.-(1), 1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]-N-methyl-Ltyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-N-2-propenyl-, 2-(N-(N-(N-(1), 1), 1-dimethylethoxy) carbonyl]-N-2-propenyl-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-N-2-propenylL-phenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 YAGF SEO

multichain modified (modifications unspecified)

NTE

1 YAGF

101

PAGE 1-B

Z Z

144558-28-1 CAPLUS L-PhenyLalanine, N-[N-[N-[I.]-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methyl-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-, 2-[N-[N-[N-[N-[I.]-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-N-methyl-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

multichain modified (modifications unspecified) NTE

1 YAGF

SEO

PAGE 1-B

144558-29-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tyrosyl]-D-C RN

10/524343

alanyl]glycyl]-N-methyl-, 2-[N-[N-[N-[N-[N-[dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tyrosyl]-D-alanyl]glycyl]-N-methyl-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE.

multichain modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

с-вио- С- ин о ме о оме си2- Ph --- си2 - Си- С- ин - Си- С- ин - си2 - К- С- ин - ин - С-

PAGE 1-B

CH2-Ph CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1990:526619 CAPLUS Full-text 113:126619 L46 ANSWER 21 OF 25 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Enkephalin derivative as antitussive Kamei, Junzo, Kasuya, Yutaka Koman Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF INVENTOR (S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Japanese

COUNT:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO PATENT INFORMATION:

19880719 <--DATE APPLICATION NO. JP 1988-181275 19900201 19980121 DATE KIND A B2 JP 02032028 JP 2700799 PATENT NO.

JP 1988-181275 19880719 <-An antitussive contains biphalin or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts. The pharmacol. activity was demonstrated in rats. PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: ΑB

83916-01-2 II

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(antitussive

83816-01-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain NTE 1 YAGF SEQ

1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

Analgesics containing enkaphalins CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1990:417905 CAPLUS Full-text Suzuki, Tsutomu Roman Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp. 113:17905 L46 ANSWER 22 OF 25 PATENT ASSIGNEE (S): ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: INVENTOR (S):

Japanese Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

SOURCE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.,

AB Analgesics contain enkaphalins (I) or its pharmaceutically acceptable salts.

I.KCl art 2 mg/kg + 24 times i.v. for 3 days showed better analgesic effect and less nhvs denandama. DATE APPLICATION NO. less phys. dependency in rats than morphine. 83916-01-2 127761-20-0 DATE KIND PATENT NO. H

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (analgesics containing, decreased phys. dependency in relation to)

83916-01-2 CAPLUS S S

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE multichain

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

127761-20-0 CAPLUS Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, N-{N-(N-L-tyrosyl-D-alanyl)glycyl]-, 2-{N-{N-L-tyrosyl-D-alanyl)glycyl]-L-phenylalanyl]hydrazide, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX

NTE

multichain modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

• HC1

PAGE 1-B

10/524343

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1989:18690 CAPLUS Full-text L46 ANSWER 23 OF 25

110:18690 ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Effects of double-enkephalin (biphalin), an enkephalin analog, on respiration and the cough reflex in rats Kamei, Junzo, Kasuya, Yutaka

Sch. Pharm., Hoshi Univ., Tokyo, 142, Japan Journal of Pharmacobio-Dynamics (1988), CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

AUTHOR (S):

TITLE:

11(9), 645-50 CODEN: JOPHDQ; ISSN: 0386-846X

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

English LANGUAGE:

effects of D-Enk on RF and Vt were weaker than those of M. The 50% antitussive dose of D-Enk and M were 0.63 and 0.48 mg/kg, i.p., resp. The antitussive effect of D-Enk was antiquoised by pretreatment with naloxone (0.4 mg/kg, i.p.). Thus, D-Enk was natitussive effect similar to that of morphine, and the involvement of opiate receptors is associated with the The pharmacol. actions of biphalin [(HCl-Try-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-)2] on nociception, respiration, and the cough reflex were compared with those of morphine in anesthetized rats. Double-enkephalin (D-Enk), injected 1.p., produced analgesia at doses of 10 and 20 mg/kg in a hot-plate test. The analgesic effect of D-Enk was antagonized by pretreatment with naloxone (5 mg/kg, 1.p.). D-Enk and morphine (M) produced a dose-dependent decrease in the frequency of respiration (RF) and in the tidal volume (Vt). However, the

antitussive effect of D-Enk. 33916-01-2 H

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(cough reflex and respiration response to)

813916-01-2 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME) Z Z

multichain NTE

1 YAGF

SEQ

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

L46 ANSWER 24 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION WUMBER: 1988:132297 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: Synthesis, and conformational a

Synthesis, and conformational and biological study of Synthesis, and conformational and biological study of 2-D-Ala,5-des-Mart-enkephalin hydrazide modified at the carboxylic end by poly-N-vinylimidazole Vlasov, G. P.; Krasnikova, E. N.; Kozhevnikova, N. Ya.; Illarionova, N. G.; Denisov, I. Instr. Macromol. Compd., Leningrad, USSR Biopolymers (1987), 26(9), 1489-98 CODEN BIPMAA; ISSN: 0006-3525 Journal English

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: GI

H-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NHNH

H-Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NHNH

Enkephalin analog I was prepared by solution methods. N-Vinylimidazole was polymerized in the presence of I to give poly-N-Vinylimidazole derivs. of I. The effects of the above modification of the above tetrapeptide on its conformational properties and biol. activity were studied.

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and conformation and analgesic activity of) ΑB

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Z Z

113312-53-1 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-L-tyrosyl-D-alanyl)glycyl]-, 2,2'-[azobis(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxo-2,1-ethanediyl)]dihydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

multichain ME

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

PAGE 1-B -NH-NH-C-CH-NH-C-CH2-NH-C-CH-NH-

PAGE 1-C

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT 113312-52-0P H

(preparation and deblocking of) (Reactant or reagent)

113312-52-0 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N,O-bis[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tyrosyl]D-alanyl]glycyl]-, 2,2'-[azobis(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxo-2,1-ethanediyl)]dihydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) S S

NTE

multichain modified (modifications unspecified)

1 YAGF

SEQ

1 YAGF

107.

PAGE 1-A

E-Buo-C-NH 6 Me 6 Ph-CH2

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

113312-54-2

H

Z Z

multichain modified (modifications unspecified) NTE

1 YAGF

SEO

1 YAGF

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CMF C54 H70 N14 O12

NTE multichain

1 YAGF SEO

1 YAGF

PAGE 1-A
O
C-NH-NH-C--CH2-CH-C-NH-CH-C-NH-CH2-C-NH-CH- PAGE 1-C

104-15-4 C7 H8 O3 S CRN

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L46 ANSWER 25 OF 25 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:546411 CAPLUS Full-text DOCUMENT NUMBER: . 105:146411

Analgesic activity of double endorphins in vivo Dorociak, Anna; Misterek, Krystyna; Rewerski, Brociach; Giupak, Stefania Zakl. Farmokodyn., Akad. Med., Warsaw, 00-927, Pol. Acta Physiologica Polonica (1985), 35(4),

AUTHOR (S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

310-16 CODEN: APYPAY, ISSN: 0044-6033 Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

The effects of double opiate peptides, (Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-)2 (I) [83916-01-2], (Tyr-D-Ala-Phe-NH-)2 (II) [88191-63-3], and (Tyr-Pro-Phe-NH-)2 (III) [88191-66-5] on the pain threshold in rate were compared with those of D-Ala2-Mets-enkephalinamide (IV) [61090-95-7]. The analgesic activity of the peptides was decreasing in the following order: I > IV > II > III. Evidently LANGUAGE: AB The e

the glycine residue in position 3 is important for the analgesic action of the peptides.

II

(analgesia from, structure in relation to) RL: BIOL (Biological study)

83916-01-2 CAPLUS

Z Z

L-Phenylalanine, L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (CA INDEX NAME)

multichain NTE

1 YAGF SEO 1 YAGF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tage indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

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COMPOUND SEARCHED AS A STRUCTURE

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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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ring/chain nodes :

chain nodes

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                                                            5 3-27 5-69 6-28 9-29 11-73 12-30 15-31 16-74 18-32 21-33 22-70 3 25-36 35-48 36-49 37-45 38-39 39-42 40-58 41-59 42-56 43-44 43-57
                                                                                                                                                                                                    3-27 4-5 5-6 5-69 6-7 6-28 7-8 8-9 9-10 9-29 10-11 12-30 13-14 14-15 15-16 15-31 16-17 16-74 17-18 18-19 21-22 21-33 22-23 22-70 23-24 24-25 24-34 25-26 41-59
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G1: [*1], [*2], [*3], [*4], [*5]

62:[*6],[*7]

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8:2 E exact RC ring/chain 19:2 E exact RC ring/chain 50:2 E exact RC ring/chain
51:1 E exact RC ring/chain
Match level :
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 852 11:CLASS 14:CLASS 17:CLASS 17:CL
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Hetero Atoms : Exactly 1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             12:CLASS
20:CLASS
28:CLASS
36:CLASS
44:CLASS
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4
10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 20:CLASS 26:CLASS 29:CLASS 24:CLASS 36:CLASS 36:CLASS 36:CLASS 36:CLASS 46:CLASS 46:CLASS 50:CLASS 51:CLASS 51:CLASS 51:CLASS 50:CLASS 70:CLASS 55:CLASS 70:CLASS 70:CLASS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Type of Ring System
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 Generic attributes
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Node 59: Limited
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Element Count
Connectivity
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               Saturation
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Number of
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43 SEA FILE-REGISTRY SSS FUL L1 16 43 ANSWERS 4709 ITERATIONS 100.0% PROCESSED 47 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

2 L6 NOT L26 s 16 not 126 ٥

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1 L47

L48

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[125I-Tyr1]biphalin binding to opioid receptors of rat Slaninova, Jirina; Appleyard, Suzanne M.; Misicka, Aleksandra; Lipkowski, Andrzej W.; Knapp, Richard J. Weber, Steven J.; Davis, Thomas P.; Yamamura, Henry I.; Hruby, Victor J.
Department of Pharmacology, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, 85721, USA Life Sciences (1998), 62(14), PL199-PL204 CODEN: LIFSAK; ISSN: 0024-3205 brain and NG108-15 cell membranes 1998:169052 CAPLUS Full-text L48 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:169052 CAPLUS Full-te Elsevier Science Inc. 128:290334 CORPORATE SOURCE: DOCUMENT NUMBER: AUTHOR (S): SOURCE:

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synthesized. The radioligand binding profiles of these compds. for two types of tissues, rat brain membranes, and NG108-15 cell membranes were identical to the parent biphalin. This is addnl. evidence for the hypothesis that biphalin behaves like a monomeric ligand and that only one intact tyrosine is necessary for high biol. activity. The second tyrosine could be used for successful radioiodination which may greatly simplify biochem. and pharmacol. studies of biphalin. The results of receptor binding studies show that the binding of nonradioactive [I-Tyrl]biphalin and radioactive [1251-Tyrl]biphalin have been independent. [1251-Tyr1] Biphalin binds to 8 receptors as shown in NG108-15 cell membranes. Nevertheless, [1251] biphalin binding to δ receptors in rat both biphalin and [I-Tyrl]biphalin to the δ and μ opioid receptors are not brain membranes was hardly evident and µ receptor binding predominated or Mono iodinated analogs of biphalin [(Tyr-D-Ala-Gly-Phe-NH-)2], both least was much more readily detectable in this preparation 206054-29-7P Ħ

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(mono iodinated biphalin analogs binding to opioid receptors of rat
brain and NG108-15 cell membranes)

2 S

206054-29-7 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, 3-iodo-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

206054-10-0P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(mono iodinated biphalin analogs binding to opioid receptors of rat brain and NG108-15 cell membranes)

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Z Z

(CA INDEX L-Phenylalanine, 3-(iodo-1251)-L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-, 2-(L-tyrosyl-D-alanylglycyl-L-phenylalanyl)hydrazide (9CI) NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT 14

REFERENCE COUNT:

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SEARCH HISTORY

d stat que 16; d his nofile L1

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation

Uploading L1.str

24-2-15 3-27 5-69 6-28 9-29 11-73 12-30 15-31 16-74 18-32 21-33 22-70 2 34 25-36 35-48 36-49 37-45 38-39 39-42 40-58 41-59 42-56 43-44 43-57 46-48 47-49 50-53 53-54 53-55 chain bonds :

ring/chain bonds :

1-2 2-3 3-4 3-27 4-5 5-6 5-69 6-7 6-28 7-8 8-9 9-10 9-29 10-11 11-12 11-73 12-13 12-30 13-14 14-15 15-16 15-31 16-77 16-74 17-18 18-19 18-32 19-20 20-21 21-22 21-33 22-23 22-70 23-24 24-25 24-34 25-26 41-59 43-44 50-53 53-54 53-55 1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 6-7 7-8 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12 12-13 13-14 14-15 15-16 16-17 17-18 18-19 19-20 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24 24-25 25-26 exact/norm bonds :

exact bonds : 2-35 25-36 35-48 36-49 37-45 38-39 39-42 40-58 42-56 43-57 46-48 47-49

G1: [*1], [*2], [*3], [*4], [*5]

Connectivity : 81.2 E exact RC ring/chain 19.2 E exact RC ring/chain 50:2 E exact RC ring/chain 51:1 E exact RC ring/chain Match lavel :

GLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS CLASS CLASS CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 25:CLASS CLASS 31:CLASS 32:CLASS 33:CLASS CLASS 40:CLASS 41:CLASS CLASS 47:CLASS 48:Atom 49:Atom CLASS 56:CLASS 57:CLASS 58:CLASS 56:CLASS 56:CL 9 : CLASS \$ 14:CLASS \$ 22:CLASS \$ 30:CLASS \$ 38:CLASS \$ 46:CLASS \$ 55:CLASS 74:CLASS 5 : CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 18:CLASS 20:CLASS 20:CLASS 26:CLASS 29:CLASS 29:CLASS 29:CLASS 36:CLASS 36:CLASS 36:CLASS 36:CLASS 40:CLASS 40:CLASS 50:CLASS 50: 13:CLASS 21:CLASS 29:CLASS 37:CLASS 45:CLASS 54:CLASS : Unsaturated · Polycyclic 3:CLASS 4:CLASS Number of Hetero Atoms : Exactly 1 Generic attributes : Type of Ring System Element Count : Node 59: Limited Saturation N, N1

43 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1

100.0% PROCESSED 4709 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:44:41 ON 04 DEC 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:44:54 ON 04 DEC 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 0 SEA SSS SAM L1

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'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:45:45 ON 04 DEC 2007
E US2005-524343/APPS
E US2006-524343/APPS
1 SEA ABB-ON US2006-524343/AP
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'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:09:58 ON 04 DEC 2007
13 SEA ABB-GN (659732-80-6/BI OR 659732-81-7/BI OR 659732-82-8/BI
OR 659732-83-9/BI OR 659732-84-0/BI OR 659732-85-1/BI OR
659732-86-2/BI OR 659732-87-3/BI OR 659732-88-4/BI OR 659732-89-5/BI OR 659732-98-4/BI OR 659732-89-6/BI OR 659732-80-8/BI OR 659732-90-8/BI OR 65973 FILE 7

4709 SEA SSS FUL L1 EXTEND 43 SEA SSS FUL L1 E COVALENT/NTE D STAT QUE L2

1.5

L7

SAVE TEMP L6 HA343FULL/A 66323 SEA ABB=ON Y[SMLQATN]G[FW]/SQSP 20680 SEA ABB=ON MULTICHAIN/NTE

L26 L27 L28 129 130 131 132 133 134 136 136

137 139 L40 L41

L26 L44 NOT (L41 OR L42) L45 AND (PY<2004 OR AY<2004) FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:11:53 ON 04 DEC 2007 41 SEA ABB=ON L26 AND L6 D QUE L26 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:50:54 ON 04 DEC 2007 D STAT QUE L6 FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:59:27 ON 04 DEC 2007 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:14:27 ON 04 DEC 2007 **CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:13:05 ON 04 DEC 2007 63 SEA ABB-ON L26 33 SEA ABB-ON L44 NOT [L41 OR L42] 23 SEA ABB-ON L45 AND (PY-2004 OR AY-200 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:49:27 ON 04 DEC 2007 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:14:41 ON 04 DEC 2007 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:15:00 ON 04 DEC 2007 D IBIB ABS HITSEQ L46 1-25 23 SEA ABB=ON L40 NOT L41 D IBIB ABS HITSTR L42 1-23 D IBIB ABS HITSEQ L41 1-7 2 SEA ABB=ON L6 NOT L26 D IBIB ABS HITSTR L48 1 SEA ABB=ON L47 D QUE NOS L40 D QUE NOS L41 D STAT QUE L6 D STAT QUE L6 FILE FILE FILE 142 L43 L44 L45 L46 147 148

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L15 111 L18 L19 L20

L23 L24 125